## INTEGRATED RISK REPORT AS AT 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH 2017

Author: Risk and Assurance Manager Sponsor: Medical Director Trust Board paper J

# **Executive Summary**

## Context

The BAF is the key source of evidence that links strategic objectives to risks, controls and assurances, and the main tool that the Trust Board (TB) use in seeking assurance that those internal mitigation mechanisms are working effectively. The 2016/17 BAF has been developed with reference to the revised annual priorities and this report provides the TB with the year-end position. The report also provides a summary of the organisational risk register for items scoring 15 or above (i.e. current risk ratings of high and extreme).

## Questions

- 1. Does the BAF provide an accurate reflection of the principal risks to our strategic objectives?
- 2. Is sufficient assurance provided that the principal risks on the BAF are being effectively controlled?
- 3. Have all agreed actions been completed within the specified target dates on the BAF?
- 4. Does the TB have knowledge of new significant organisational risks opened within the reporting period?

## Conclusion

- 1. Executive leads have reviewed their BAF entries and they have been endorsed at the relevant Exec Board during the reporting period of March 2017.
- 2. Many of our assurance sources are based on internal monitoring and some may benefit from external scrutiny (e.g. via internal audit) to provide additional assurance that controls are effective.
- 3. There are a number of actions where the deadline for completion has been extended beyond the year-end and narrative within the BAF 'action tracker' provides further detail. In all cases where further work is required to achieve components of an objective, this has been incorporated into our 2017/18 priorities.
- 4. During the reporting period of March 2017, three new high risks have been entered on the risk register, including an entry to describe the potential for delay with outpatient correspondence to referrer/patient following clinic attendance; an entry relating to RN vacancies in Thoracic Surgery; and an entry concerning nursing vacancies on our Trauma Wards. One risk has been increased from a moderate to a high rating in relation to staff health and not meeting regulatory requirements due to cracks in the LRI Mortuary Floor.

# Input Sought

We would welcome the Board's input to:

- (a) receive and note this report;
- (b) review and approve the content of the final version of the 2016/17 BAF;
- (c) consider the new entries entered on the organisational risk register during the reporting period.

#### For Reference

Edit as appropriate:

1. The following **objectives** were considered when preparing this report:

Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare	[Yes]
Effective, integrated emergency care	[Yes]
Consistently meeting national access standards	[Yes]
Integrated care in partnership with others	[Yes]
Enhanced delivery in research, innovation & ed'	[Yes]
A caring, professional, engaged workforce	[Yes]
Clinically sustainable services with excellent facilities	[Yes]
Financially sustainable NHS organisation	[Yes]
Enabled by excellent IM&T	[Yes]

- 2. This matter relates to the following **governance** initiatives:
- a. Organisational Risk Register

[Yes]

## If YES please give details of risk ID, risk title and current / target risk ratings.

Datix Risk ID	Operational Risk Title(s) – add new line for each operational risk	Current Rating	Target Rating	CMG
	See appendix two			

## If NO, why not? Eg. Current Risk Rating is LOW

b. Board Assurance Framework

[Yes]

## If YES please give details of risk No., risk title and current / target risk ratings.

Principal	Principal Risk Title	Current	Target
Risk		Rating	Rating
All BAF risks	See appendix one		

- 3. Related **Patient and Public Involvement** actions taken, or to be taken: [N/A]
- 4. Results of any **Equality Impact Assessment**, relating to this matter: [N/A]

5. Scheduled date for the **next paper** on this topic: [04/05/17]

6. Executive Summaries should not exceed **1 page**. [My paper does comply]

7. Papers should not exceed **7 pages.** [My paper does not comply]

#### UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS OF LEICESTER NHS TRUST

REPORT TO: UHL TRUST BOARD

**DATE:** 4<sup>TH</sup> MAY 2017

REPORT BY: ANDREW FURLONG – MEDICAL DIRECTOR

SUBJECT: INTEGRATED RISK REPORT (INCORPORATING UHL

**BOARD ASSURANCE FRAMEWORK & RISK REGISTER** 

**AS OF 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH 2017)** 

#### 1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 This integrated risk report will assist the Trust Board (TB) to discharge its responsibilities by providing:-

- a. A 2016/17 BAF based on the revised annual priorities.
- b. A summary of risks that are new and have increased in risk rating on the operational risk register with a score of 15 and above.

#### 2. BAF SUMMARY

- 2.1 Executive risk owners have updated their BAF entries to reflect the progress with achieving the annual priorities for 2016/17. A copy of the final 2016/17 BAF is attached at appendix one with all changes from the previous version highlighted in red text for ease of reference.
- 2.2 The Board remains exposed to significant risk in the following areas:
  - I. Timely Access to emergency care services (principal risk 3: current rating 25); The new Emergency Floor has now opened to the first patients at 04:00hrs on Wednesday 26<sup>th</sup> April 2017.
  - II. Delivery of the national access standards (principal risk 4: current rating 25); Referral growth is outmatching capacity growth with an increase versus 2015/16. A number of standards were failed during February, including RTT Incomplete waiting times, Cancer Access: 31 day wait for 1st treatment; 62 day wait for 1st treatment.
  - III. Achievement of the UHL deficit control total in 2016/17 (principal risk 16: current rating 25); Adverse variance to plan of £6.9m at M12, reporting a deficit of £38.6m (excluding STF). Financial performance delivered in line with revised financial forecast.
  - IV. Delivery of the EPR programme (principal risk 18: current rating 25); Further discussions are taking place with colleagues in the NHS around sharing development work to further mitigate risks/costs for the Nerve Centre model.

### 3. UHL RISK REGISTER SUMMARY

- 3.1 At the end of the reporting period, there are 41 organisational risks open on the risk register scoring 15 and above. A dashboard of these risks is attached in appendix two with full details included in appendix three.
- 3.2 Three new 'high' risks have been entered on the risk register during the reporting period:

Datix ID	Risk Title	Risk Rating	CMG
2990	There is a risk of delayed outpatient correspondence to referrer/patient following clinic attendance.	20	MSS
3005	The current level of RN vacancies and inability to format an	15	RRCV

	appropriate roster may compromise the ward to fully function		
2989	If we do not recruit into the Trauma Wards nursing vacancies, then patient safety and quality of care will be placed at risk	15	MSS

- 3.3 Significant changes on the risk register during the reporting period include:
- 3.3.1 Current risk rating increased from moderate to high:

Datix ID	Risk Title	Risk Rating	CMG
2867	A risk to staff health and not meeting regulatory requirements due to cracks in LRI Mortuary Floor	20	CSI

3.4 Thematic analysis of risks scoring 15 and above on the risk register continues to show the majority of risks include causal factors relating to workforce capacity and capability with the potential to have an impact on harm and performance. A column to describe the thematic risk analysis, aligned to the BAF objectives, is included in the risk register dashboard in appendix two.

#### 4 RECOMMENDATIONS

- 4.1 The TB is invited to:-
  - (a) receive and note this report;
  - (b) review and approve the content of the final version of the 2016/17 BAF;
  - (c) consider the new entries entered on the organisational risk register during the reporting period.

Report prepared by UHL Risk & Assurance Manager 27<sup>th</sup> April 2017

UHL Board Assurance Dashboa 2016/17	ırd:	MARCH 2017										
Strategic Objective	Risk No.	Principal Risk Description	Owner	Current Risk Rating	Target Risk Rating	Risk Movement	Assurance Rating	Executive Board Committee for Endorsement				
Safe, high quality, patient	1	Lack of progress in implementing UHL Quality Commitment.	CN	12	8	$\leftrightarrow$		EQB				
centered healthcare	2	Failure to provide an appropriate environment for staff/ patients	DEF	16	8	$\leftrightarrow$		EQB				
An excellent integrated emergency care system	3	Emergency attendance/ admissions increase without a corresponding improvement in process and / or capacity	coo	25	6	$\leftrightarrow$		ЕРВ				
Services which consistently meet national access standards	4	Failure to deliver the national access standards impacted by operational process and an imbalance in demand and capacity.	coo	25	6	$\leftrightarrow$		ЕРВ				
Integrated care in partnership with others	5	There is a risk that UHL will lose existing, or fail to secure new, tertiary referrals flows from partner organisations which will risk our future status as a teaching hospital. Failure to support partner organisations to continue to provide sustainable local services, secondary referral flows will divert to UHL in an unplanned way which will compromise our ability to meet key performance measures.	DoMC	12	8	$\leftrightarrow$		ESB				
	6	Failure to progress the Better Care Together programme at sufficient pace and scale impacting on the development of the LLR vision	DoMC	16	10	$\leftrightarrow$		ESB				
	7	Failure to achieve BRC status. Status awarded on 13th September 2016 - RISK CLOSED SEPT 2016.	MD	6	6 6 CLOSED S			ESB				
Enhanced delivery in research, innovation and clinical education	8	Failure to deliver an effective learning culture and to provide consistently high standards of medical education	MD / DWOD	12	6	$\leftrightarrow$		EWB / EQB				
cuacation	9	Insufficient engagement of clinical services, investment and governance may cause failure to deliver the Genomic Medicine Centre project at UHL	MD	12	6	$\leftrightarrow$		ESB				
	10a	Lack of supply and retention of the right staff, at the right time, in the right place and with the right skills that operates across traditional organisational boundaries	DWOD	16	8	$\leftrightarrow$		EWB / EPB				
A caring, professional and engaged workforce	10b	Lack of system wide consistency and sustainability in the way we manage change and improvement impacting on the way we deliver the capacity and capability shifts required for new models of care	DWOD	16	8	$\leftrightarrow$		EWB / EPB				
	11	Ineffective structure to deliver the recommendations of the national 'freedom to speak up review'	DWOD	12	8	$\leftrightarrow$		EWB / EPB				
A clinically sustainable	12	Insufficient estates infrastructure capacity may adversely affect major estate transformation programme	CFO	16	12	$\leftrightarrow$		ESB				
configuration of services, operating from excellent	13	Limited capital envelope to deliver the reconfigured estate which is required to meet the Trust's revenue obligations	CFO	20	8	$\leftrightarrow$		ESB				
facilities	14	Failure to deliver clinically sustainable configuration of services	CFO	20	8	$\leftrightarrow$		ESB				
	15	Failure to deliver the 2016/17 programme of services reviews, a key component of service-line management	CFO	9	6	CLOSED M	IARCH 2017	ESB				
A financially sustainable NHS Trust	16	The Demand/Capacity gap if unresolved may cause a failure to achieve UHL deficit control total in 2016/17	CFO	25	10	$\leftrightarrow$		ЕРВ				
	17	Failure to achieve a revised and approved 5 year financial strategy	CFO	15	10	$\leftrightarrow$		ЕРВ				
Enabled by excellent	18	Delay to the approvals for the EPR programme	CIO	25	6	$\leftrightarrow$		EIM&T / EPB				
IM&T	19	Lack of alignment of IM&T priorities to UHL priorities	CIO	9	6	$\leftrightarrow$		EIM&T / EPB				

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated ve	ersion as at:		Mar-17								
Principal risk 1:	Lack of pro	Lack of progress in implementing 2016/17 UHL Quality Commitment									CN / MD	
Strategic objective:	ategic objective: Safe, high			nigh quality, patient centered healthcare								
Annual Priorities	To reduce clinical star insulin. To use pati informed a	To reduce avoidable deaths and avoidable re-admissions.  To reduce harm caused by unwarranted clinical variation through introduction of 4 k clinical standards in core services; implement UHL EWS and eObs processes; and safe insulin.  To use patient feedback to drive Improvements to services and care by ensuring patienformed and involved in their care; better end of life planning and improve the expenditure outpatients.				safe use of patients are	Risk Assur	rance Rating Exec Boar Rating = E 04/04/17		EQB		
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March
	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12
Target risk rating (I x L):						4x2	2=8					
Controls: (preventive, correct detective)	tive, directive,		Int	Assura ternal	ince on effe	ctiveness of		xternal		Gaps in Control / Assura		
Clinical Effectiveness		Clinical Eff	ectiveness			Internal A	udit morta	lity and morb	dity review	eview Currently not all deaths are		
Directive controls		SHMI scores reported to Mortality and				completed.				screened. (1.1, 1.2 and 1.3)		
Screen all hospital deaths		Morbidity	Morbidity Committee and TB, QAC via Q&P									
Sepsis screening tool and care p	athway	report.				Internal audit review in relation to outpatien				t Data quality and volume due to		
Implement daily PARR 30 repor	t to	Quarterly mortality report to ESB/QAC/TB				patient experience due completed.				manual data audit collection		
direct specialised discharge plar	nning and	6 monthly	TB report ir	relation to	mortality					(1.6)		
communication of risk with stak	keholders	parameter	parameters									
Detective controls		Monthly re	eview of mo	rtality alerts	reported to					Many avoid	dable read	missions
Hospital deaths screening tool f	indings % of	of TB.								caused due	to factor	s in the
deaths screened		J	SHMI <= 99							community	beyond i	nfluence of
Case record review individual a	nd thematic	UHL SHMI	Jun 15 - Jul	16: 101						UHL.		
findings		Readmission rate to be < 8.5%										
Dr Foster's Intelligence and HED	) data	Readmissions action plan progress reported								The curren	U	
Audit of sepsis 6 interventions			•	ramme Boar	d					monitoring		
No. of SIs in relation to deterior		Quarterly report to EQB							linked to e	- obs (1.8)	)	
1 - 1 - 1	dmission rates	Exception reports to EPB when rate over8.6%										
and findings of PARR30 tool										Face to fac	e training	on the safe

oriately escalated % for sepsis is patients receiving iv threshold 90% of	
is patients receiving iv hour (threshold 90% of	
hour (threshold 90% of	
Omins)	
atients >3 hours	
y self assessments	
n patient involvement	
on care plan use and	
ce scores.	
espondence standard.	
r	patients >3 hours  ly self assessments  n patient involvement  on care plan use and nce scores. respondence standard.

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
Mortality database to be developed (1.1)	Nov 16	MD	Networked database proving slow and difficult to use.	3
	March 17		Plan is therefore for Medical Examiner module to be	
	To be		incorporated into the Bereavement Services Office	
	carried		database. UHL signed up to being an early implemented	
	forward to		of the new National Mortality Review process, which will	
	2017/18		include submission of data to the National mortality	
			database via Datix. In the meantime, outcomes from ME	
			and Specialty mortality screenings/reviews are being	
			collated and inputted into corporate Mortality database.	

UHL Medical Examiners as Mortality Screeners (1.2)	July 16 Nov 16 March 17 May 17		Medical Examiners screening all adult deaths at LRI. Additional cohort of Medical Examiners trained Dec 16 and 2 have now commenced in the role and are prinipally stabilising rota at LRI. Roll-out to LGH & GGH to follow subject to funding being agreed as per discusiions at Feb EQB.	3
Participate in National standardised mortality review process (1.3)	Apr-17		UHL has registered as an early adopter and it is anticipated that this will start by April 2017. 6 clinicians have undergone training to be cascade trainers. Further national guidance meeting March 21st 2017	4
Implement EWS score to trigger sepsis care pathway and automate audit data collection for deteriorating patient (1.6)	<del>Dec 16</del> <del>March 17</del> Aug 17	MD	E-Obs now on all in-patient wards. Plan to introduce into ED in March 2017 and to launch sepsis track & trigger tool at end of April 2017. Pilot to commence in RRCV of Nerve Centre automated data collection and reporting of EWS/sepsis performance with a plan for full roll out by end of August.	3
Incorporate PARR30 scores into ICE and Nerve Centre (1.6)	<del>Dec 16</del> Review March 17	MD	PARR30 score where >45% being manually inputted into Nervecentre. Guideline out for consultantion with view to launch in April. Automation of the process in Nervecentre due end of March.	3
Release wte discharge sister to prioritise high risk discharge planning (1.6)		MD	Action now superseded by changed organisational priorities. Resource diverted to support Red 2 Green work. It was therefore agreed that whole project to be assimilated into discharge element of Red to Green	N/A
Develop a business case to support the implementation of networked blood glucose monitoring (1.8)	Review March 17	KH/JS	Case in development working with procurement and IT	4
In Q 3 commence face to face training on the safe use of insulin - targeted at areas with the highest no. of incidents (1.9)	Review March 17	KH	Plan to deliver to high incident areas in place	4

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated v	Jpdated version as at: Mar-17											
Principal risk 2:	Failure to	Failure to provide an appropriate environment for staff/ patients							Risk owne	ner: DEF			
Strategic objective:	Safe, high	afe, high quality, patient centred healthcare Objective owner: CN											
Annual priorities	Develop a	high quality	ality in-house Estates and Facilities service						Risk Assur	ance Rating	Exec Board RAG Rating = EQB 07/03/17		
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	4X3=12	4x2=8	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	
Target risk rating (I x L):						4:	x2=8						
Controls: (preventive, corrective detective)	e, directive,		Int	Assura ernal	ance on effe	ctiveness of		rternal		Gaps in	Control /	Assurance	
Preventative Control		Cleanlines	s audits			Annual 'PLACE' review (next due March 2				March 2017). KPI's to be developed for se			
Estates management infrastructur	e in place	PLANET SYSTEM providing data for Estates								delivery at 3 levels - National			
including committee structure (e.g	g. Fire Safety	and 'soft' services				Annual pe	Annual peer audit/ review.				indicators; Trust indicators;		
Committee (Reviewed & Transforr	ned), Water	SAFFRON system providing data for Patient								Internal Divisional targets (2.2)			
Management Committee (Reviewe	ed &	feeding/ c	atering serv	ices.		Compliance with all appropriate regulatory							
Consulted), Waste Committee (Re	viewed &	Internal Statutory Compliance Audit from				bodies statutory requirements and audit (i.e.				(c) Vacancy levels, management			
Transformed), IP Committee). Upd	lated water	PWC in December 2016, report due in January					Environment Agency, Environmental Health,				Lack of tra	ining of	
policy in February 2017.		2017.				Food Standards, HSE, etc.).				inherited staff. (2.4)			
Detective Control		Annual ER	IC return to	benchmark	efficiency								
IT systems to control processes an	d	against otl	ner organisa	itions (due J	uly 2016).	Supporting CQC Inspection actions.				(c) Underfunding of the estates			
performance manage.		Monthly p	erformance	reporting to	o EQB/ QAC					and facilities revenue budget			
Review of Estates and facilities rela	ated	and TB in i	elation to K	(PIs (Septem	ber 2016).	Local Auth	nority Enviro	onmental He	alth Officer	(2.5). In te	erms of the	e significance	
incident reports.		Triangulat	ion of audit	data with ex	xternal	(EHO insp	ections) - vi	isit on 13th D	ecember	of the imp	act of all t	he 'gaps' the	
Service user feedback (Staff).						2016 and 5* rating achieved.				potential f	unding sh	ortfall carries	
Weekly audits carried out by Mana	agement.	Internal Workforce targets.								the bigges	t influence	on the risk	
EHO inspections.		Refresher	training for	food handle	ers.	Increased Trust EHO inspections.				score in terms of likelihood. The			
Compliance KPI data monitored.		Maintenar	nce requests	s escalated.		· ·				current level of underfunding can			

**Directive Control** 

Outline plan in place for developing Estates and Facilities Service:

0 - 3 months - Maintain safe services
0-9 months - enhanced compliance and assurance systems and new structures developed and ready for implementation.
0-18 months - Review, develop and optimise quality of services.

Refresher training for food handlers
Maintenance requests escalated.

**Corrective Control** 

Escalation processes for deteriorating standards/ performance

Weekly audits carried out by Management. Increased Trust EHO inspections.
Annual compliance Audit programme developed for 2017/18 running from 1/04/2017 to 31/03/2018. This will support the Premises Assurance Model (PAM) and Estates Return Information Collection (ERIC) returns to the Department of Health.

Water Management Audit carried out in December 2016 by external specialists.

External Piped Medical Gas audit completed in January 2017 by the Trust's Independent Authorising Engineer. This will be reported through MedOC.

only be marginally mitigated through efficiencies.

Inherited sub-optimal systems and inconsistent information retention records (2.6).

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
KPI's to be developed for service delivery at 3 levels - National indicators; Trust	Oct 16	DEF	Currently being discussed with Service Users, external	3
indicators; Internal Divisional targets (2.2)	Feb 17		partners, etc. Continuing work on KPI's. National	
	June 17		indicators in place with Carter and ERIC Returns. Local	
			Trusts and Divisional details being progressed but slower	
			progress due to staff vacancies, recruitment and structure	:
			implementation.	
Recruit into vacancies, replace lost hours into cleaning/catering services,	Review	DEF	Recruitment campaign underway - dedicated events held.	3
restructure management team. (2.4)	<del>Jan 17</del>		Staff offered hours back for cleaning/catering. Senior	
	March 17		management team re-structure through MoC. Outline	
	May 17		apprenticeship programme in development. Tiered	
			management structures under development.	
			Key Estates Specialist Services staff identified and training	
			plan underway.	
			Restrictions in recruitment process has slowed down	
			recruitment process and until 2017/18 budget baseline	
			confirmed no restructuring will take place	

dentify investment required to address fundamental issues with layout of equipment and equipment replacement/additions (2.5)	Sep 16 Dec 16 Feb 17 March 17 June 17	DEF	Initial condition survey completed - further in-depth survey required to review insulation within walls. All minor works identified as requiring attention completed. New equipment now in place - i.e. refrigeration/oven. Final report on in depth survey to identify cause of condensation awaited. Revisit by local authority EHO on 13th December 2016 and 5* rating achieved. All minor works completed in December resulting in 5* Rating by EHO return visit. The only remaining item relates to tyhe wall condensation. Survey results complete and capital solution required to external walls, to be prioritised in 2017/18 capital programme once capital allocations agreed.  Awaiting 2017/18 backlog capital funding and priority ranking	3
Inherited sub-optimal systems and inconsistent information retention records (2.6).	Review March 17 June 17	DEF	Task and finish group set up to review record management and retention and implement new systems.  Tasks identified and progressing systrem review	3

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated ve	ersion as a	t:	Mar-17									
Principal risk 3:	Emergency process and			ons increase	e without a co	orrespondir	ng improvem	ent in	Risk owne		Lisa Gow Operatio Emergen		
Strategic objective:	An effective	e and integ	grated emer	rgency care	system				Objective	owner:	coo		
Annual Priorities	Fully utilise (including I Develop a d delivery an	e ambulato CS). clear unde d to inforn	ambulatory care to reduce emergency admissions and reduce length of stay CS).  Clear understanding of demand and capacity to support sustainable service d to inform plans for addressing any gaps.  Indireduce delays in the in-patient process to increase effective capacity								_	Exec Board RAG Rating = EPB: 25/04/17	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25	
Target risk rating (I x L):							3x2=6						
Controls: (preventive, corrective	ve, directive,			Assu	rance on effe	ctiveness o	of controls			Gansi	in Control /	Assurance	
detective)			In	iternal			Ex	cternal		Gaps	in control /	Assurance	
Directive / Preventative Controls NHS '111' helpline GP referrals Local/ National communication of Winter surge plan		Poor performance continues to be primarily				data New AE I	National benchmarking of emergency care data  New AE Delivery board chaired by CEO of UHL. RAP approved by NHSE and NHSI and				(c )Lack of effectiveness of attendance avoidance plan & winter surge capacity / Discharg plan (3.1)		
Triage by Lakeside Health (from 3 all walk-in patients to ED. (reduce		contribut	ed to by sta and vacancie	ffing issues		being pro	being progressed by the new AE implementation group. High Impact Actions in				Lack of capacity to operate (3.2)		
by 50% May 2016 and ceases No Urgent Care Centre (UCC) now m	vember 16).			d admissior	ns (compared	place.	place.				Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) to be created to support		
UHL from 31/10/15 Admissions avoidance directory Reworking of LLR urgent care RA	P- as detailed	1.% incre	1.% increase in emergency admissions				New ECIP team started in November to support delivery over the next 12 months.			new ways of working in the new ED, including escalation processo (3.3)			
in COO report Bed capacity demand for 16/17 a updated to show the bed gap by	/17 and 17/18 Ambulance handover (threshold 0 delays over					In-depth ECIP review 12 & 13 January, including external ED consultant				(515)			
Red to Green (R2G) to eliminate processes.			2.1% over 12			,	wide ambula ment plan in	nce handove place.	r				

Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) now
developed and signed off, describing new
ways of working in the new ED, including
escalation processes. SOPS have been shared
with clinical teams and other CMGs.

Difficulties continue in accessing beds from ED leading to congestion in ED and delayed ambulance handover.

#### **Detective Controls**

Q&P report monitoring ED 4-hour waits, ambulance handover >30 mins and >60 mins, total attendances / admissions.

UCB RAP being revised to ensure priority on decreasing attendance and admissions

Comparative ED performance summaries showing total attendances and admissions.

showing total attendances and admissions.				
Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
New LLR AE recovery plan to be progressed (as per the action dates on the plan) through the new AE recovery board. (3.1)	See plan	See plan	Plan has been produced  New AE implementation group started 12.10.16  Recovery plan updated fortnightly by SROs, and monitored via EQSG fortnightly.  New high impact actions to be confirmed, focusing on 4 key areas for delivery. RAP to continue as an improvement action plan.	4
Move to new build (3.2)	March 17 24/04/17	LG / CF	Operational plan for moving the service to new build now in place. Building now handed over to UHL; operational commissioning of the building has now begun. On-going discussions with work stream leads, including workforce and HR, to ensure pathways are updated and staff engaged in new processes prior to opening.  Team are on track to open new ED to patients on 26 April as planned.	
Standard Operaing Procedures (SOPs) to be created to support new ways of working in the new ED, including escalation processes (3.3)	Complete	LG / CF	Developed and signed off by EQSG 12/4/17 Updated Escalation Policy to be signed off by exec team 25/4/17	5

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated v	ersion as a	t:	Mar-17								-
Principal risk 4			national ac		ds impacted l	by operatior	nal process	and an	Risk owne	er:	Will Mon Director ( Performa Informati	Of ance And
Strategic objective:	Services w	hich consis	stently mee	t national ac	cess standard	ls			Objective	owner:	COO	OII
Annual Priorities				nostic access ds sustainab	standard con ly	npliance					Exec Board RAG Rating = EPB: 25/04/17	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March
	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25
Target risk rating (I x L):						3 x	2 = 6					
Controls: (preventive, corrective	e, directive,			Assur	rance on effe	ctiveness of	controls			Gans in	Control /	Assurance
detective)				nternal ing times (th			Ex	cternal		Gups III	Control	Assurance
RTT incomplete waiting times, car and diagnostic standards reported report to TB  Corrective controls Insourcing of external consultant sideliver additional sessions. Outsourcing of elective work to in sector providers. Productivity improvements in-hou Additional premium expenditure whouse.	staff to dependent ise.	Diagnosti position a Cancer Ad 2WW for 93% Achi 31 day wa 96%). 94. 31 day wa treatmen (Drugs - t (Surgery (Radiothe Achieved 62 day wa 85%). 835	ics (thresho achieved. ccess Stand urgent GP eved. ait for 1st tr .5% Failed. ait for 2nd outs: chreshold 98 - threshold erapy - threshold erapy - threshold	referral (Thr reatment (th or subsequent 8%). 98% Act 94%). 93.0% shold 94%). reatment (th	ed monthly). eshold 93%). reshold nt nieved. p Failed. 95%	Monthly p Internal autimes for e 2015/16; ii Elective IS	erformanc udit review elective car nitiated en T have assu s and the C	vement and in relation to e due in quar d January 20 ured the actic Cancer plan.	TDA.  o waiting reer 4  16.  on plans in	capacity ar capacity in (c) insuffici undertake required to (c) Referral	nd gaps in a key special ent theatr additional o match grad I growth o owth. 7.49	alties (4.1). The staff to sessions owth (4.3). The staff to sessions owth (4.3). The staff to sessions owth (4.3). The staff to sessions owth the staff to sessions owth the staff to sessions owther sessions of the staff to sessions owther sessions of sessions owther sessions of sessions of sessions owther sessions of sessions owther sessions of sessions owther sessions of sessions owther sessions of sessio
		Due date	Owner		P	rogress upo	ate:		Status			

Sustained achievement of 85% 62 day standard (4.1)	Review Nov 16 Jan 17 March 17	DPI	62 day backlog reduction currently off trajectory. Implementation of 'Next Steps' for cancer patients in key tumour sites to start end February 2016. Sustainable ability to meet the 62 day standard will not be achieved until the Trust has 2 consecutive months with no outliers. Actions below and mitigating steps outlined to support in achieving this. Continued medical outliers over winter in January, 62 day performance improved continue to improve in January. Adjusted backlog at 40 The trust has not yet achieved 2 consecutive months without any outliers. Cancer activity continues to be prioritised with the backlog continuning at its lowest rate. 105 bed deficit, closing bed capacity gap required to avoid cancellations on the day. Bridging plan to achieve in place.	3
Development of ITU additional capacity plan including increased frequency of step downs. (4.1)	Review Sept 16 Jan 17 March 17	HofOps ITAPS	Daily escalation of predicted surgical and medical step down at Gold Command to aid discharges. Plan to open additional physical beds pending nurse staffing recruitment.  Continuing to actively pursue recruitment opportunities for both medical and nursing to get additional beds open at the LRI. Continuing to actively pursue recruitment opportunities for both medical and nursing to get additional beds open at the LRI. March Cancellations 4	3
Development of plan for closing the known theatre capacity Gap in 16/17 (4.3)	Review Jan 17 Feb 17 March 17 Complete	COO to allocate	Demand and capacity work for 2017/18 completed. Capacity available pending increase of beds to increase ACPL.	5
Serving Activity query Notices to the commissioners (4.4)	Review Nov 16 Apr 17	DPI	Reviewed at Monthly Cancer RTT board with commissioners. New Planned Care Delivery Group chaired by DPI to start from January 2017. Aim of demand management, Referral Management Hub – including the use of PRISM. Low Priority Treatments left shift – to maximise community facilities. Reduced referrals resulting from demand management will have a downstream impact unlikely to realised until start of 2017/18.	3

Board Assurance Framework:	Opdated vi	ersion as at	<u>:                                    </u>	Mar-17									
Principal risk 5:	partner org partner org flows will o	ganisations ganisations	which will ri to continue IL in an unpla	sk our futur to provide s	il to secure no e status as a t ustainable lo vhich will con	eaching ho	spital. Failu , secondary	ıre to suppor / referral	Risk own t	er:	and Com Updates	Director of Marketing and Comms (DoMC). Updates by John Currington	
Strategic objective:	Integrated	care in par	tnership witl	n others					Objective	owner:	DoMC		
Annual priorities	service pro	viders to d	ers to deliver a sustainable network of providers across the region.  mplementation of the EMPATH strategic outline case							rance Ratin	14 M	Rating = 1/04/17)	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	
Target risk rating (I x L):						4:	x2=8						
.,	e, directive,				ance on effec	tiveness of				Gaps in Control / Assurance			
•				ernal	and SEMOC			kternal		(c) Lack of prioritised service leve			
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)  Directive Controls  NHS England Five Year Forward View sets out the national strategic direction.  UHL Business Decision Process.  UHL/NUH Children's Services Collaborative Group.  Partnership Board for Specialised Services established in Northamptonshire. Membership includes Northants CCGs; NHS England; KGH; NGH and UHL.  Tripartite Working Group UHL/NUH/ULHT.  ULHT/UHL Urology Steering Group.  SEMOC Steering Group.  Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) for key work programmes.  SLAs in place for all partnerships.  Tertiary Partnership Strategy.		registers r Board. UHL Tertia ESB Mont Statistical performal Quarterly (ROSS).	ary Partnersh hly.	UHL Tertiary nips Board ro trol (SPC). F ed (vascular	Partnership eporting to Reporting of only).	specificati	ons and sta	onal service indards, ws (e.g. peer	reviews).	(5.1)		ement plans	

UHL Tertiary Partnerships Board.	
Tertiary partnerships Board.  Tertiary partnership work-programme.  Horizon scanning: NHS England (local and national); NICE; SCN; AHSN; NHS Networks.	
Tertiary partnership work-programme.	
Detective/Corrective Controls	

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
(5.1) Apply criteria in Tertiary Partnership Strategy to prioritise service lines.	Feb 17	JC	The first priority strategy area is Cardiac Surgery with	4
	April 17		others to follow. Strategy not complete (scope is wider	
	June 17		than tertiary partnerships so is a more involved piece of	
			work) and will need to reflect 2017/18 priorities so	
			reschedule for May CMG Board.	
(5.4) Complete a systematic review of the children's services portfolio against set	Sep-17	JC	Process started	4
criteria, prioritise and allocate each service into one of three groups: provided by				
both Trusts; one Trust to lead; neither Trust to provide.				

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated v	ersion as at:		Mar-17									
Principal risk 6:		-		-	programme at programme at programme at programme at the program at the pr	•	ace and sc	ale impacting	Risk owner	Director of Mark and Comms (Do		_	
Strategic objective:	Integrated	care in part	nership wit	h others					Objective of	owner:	DoMC	DoMC	
Annual priorities		-			etter Care Tog ision (including			nsure we	Risk Assura	ance Rating	Rating = 1/04/17)		
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	
Target risk rating (I x L):						2x5	5=10						
Controls: (preventive, corrective detective)	e, directive,		In	Assuı ternal	rance on effec	tiveness of		ternal		Gaps in	Control /	' Assurance	
Directive Controls		1			level risks and		h organisa	tions across L	LR and the	e (a) Some early schemes may not			
Draft STP Plan for 20/21, which bu	ilds on the	mitigating	actions) red	ceived and r	eviewed by a	PPI Group.				be delivering the anticipated			
BCT 5 Year Plan.				ards and co	,					impact on demand, which is a			
					rategy Board,	Clinical Senate (external to the LLR				significant risk for UHL. The STP			
New governance arrangements, in	_	Reconfigu	ration Progr	ramme Boai	rd.	Partnership).				currently lacks a programme			
new System Leadership Team (SLT	-					[				dashboard (used to track progres			
programme board with membersh	•		•	s for UHL be		Externally commissioned Health checks (also				making it difficult to hold work stream leads to account (6.1).			
five NHS partner organisations and		-	•	ns of demar	workforce)	known as Gateway Reviews).				stream lead	as to acco	unt (6.1).	
upper tier local authorities, a programmanagement office, and multi-age		capacity, i	mance and	capital, allu	workforce)	Dra consultation business case (DCDC)				(c) Lack of	vicibility a	nd	
(that include senior UHL represent						Pre-consultation business case (PCBC) considered and signed off by partner boards,				1 ' '		work streams	
progress each work stream of the						including CCG Boards, provider boards, local						s the wider	
Integrated Teams Programme Boa	•					_		ite decision to		CMG leade	•		
	•							NHS England	_		•	` '	
A new System Stakeholder Forum	(SSF) will be					England lead the national (external) assurance				(c) Lack of	funding in	the STP for	
open to all members of Trust and (	CCG Boards,					process.				either trans	sitional or	•	
the Health and Wellbeing Boards f	or LLR, the					r				transforma	tional cos	ts (6.4)	
Clinical Leadership Group, HealthV	<b>Vatch</b>							en reviewing	and				
organisations within LLR, and PPI le	eads.					approving 1	Γrust plans.			(c) the LLR	,		
		Ī				ı				اممانانالمان	· ···hiah ia	nat fullu	

UHL governance arrangements include a Reconfiguration Programme Board and associated sub-committees / boards and work streams i.e. major capital business cases, estates, IM&T, Future Operating Model etc.

#### **Detective Controls**

Progress updates against pre-defined plans presented to both multi-agency boards and individual partner boards.

Downside scenario ("excess demand") has been worked up to ensure stakeholders internal and external - are sighted to the risks of 'demand outstripping our capacity' New STP governance arrangements will strengthen controls - a more collaborative set of delivery and leadership arrangements have been established across the LLR health and care community.

reflected in the STP (6.6)

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
(6.1) Finalise governance and reporting arrangements once STP work programmes are suitably developed - there is a need for a clear, detailed implementation plan, to operationalise the STP.	Sept 16 Nov 16 Dec 16 Apr 2017	MW	There will be a highlight report and dashboard that will go to SLT following the Programme Delivery Panel which will be the vehicle to supportively challenge and understand work stream delivery. The STP PMO is working on a dashboard, which will be available to organisations after it has gone to Board.	3
(6.3) Undertake mapping exercise of governance arrangements (specifically the various meetings, internal and external, now in place) relating to STP Delivery in order to check we have the right representation and necessary alignment to emerging priorities i.e. integration	Feb 17 March 17 Apr 2017	MW	The majority of external meetings have now been mapped but this has only demonstrated the scale of the programme - work is ongoing to outline how we will best manage and support the emerging governance arrangements (paper expected for April ESB).	3
(6.4) Continue to lobby for the 'transformation' element of STF monies to be released as soon as possible given the requirement for investment	Apr-17	JA & PT	UHL (and commissioners) have continued to raise this centrally.	4
(6.6) Work with partners to bolster existing plans as well as looking at new possibilities, particularly around the integration agenda	Apr-17	MW	Integration Proposal is on the March ESB Agenda.	4

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated v	ersion as a	t:	RISK CLO	SED SEPT 201	6						
Principal risk 7:			C status. Th		awarded BRC	status 13/09	/2016 the	erefore	Risk ow	vner:	Nigel Brunskill, DoR&D	
Strategic objective:					d clinical educ	cation			Objective owner:		MD	
Annual Priorities	Deliver a s	uccessful b	oid for a Bio	medical Rese	earch Centre				Risk Assurance Rating		Exec Board RAG Rating = (ESB 11/10/16)	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May June July August Sept Oct Nov Dec								Jan	Feb	March
	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x2=6	Risk	mitigated to t	arget rati	ng and this risk (	closed on BA	F in Sept
Target risk rating (I x L):						3x	2=6					
Controls: (preventive, corrective	directive, Assurance on effectiveness of controls										Control / A	ssurance
detective)			1	nternal				xternal		Gaps III	Control / A	ssurance
Directive Controls Each BRU has a strategy document Preventive Controls UHL R&I supportive role to BRUs by with Universities (Joint Strategic Me Good working relationships betwee University partners Good track record of attracting sub studies Contracting and innovation team. Work with Medipex to commerciali projects/ ideas. Detective Controls Financial monitoring of BRUs via An Corrective controls UHL to provide funding from extern for targeted posts if necessary	eeting) en UHL and jects into se our nual Repor	reported assurance reported Financial Highest r and 7th r	to UHL Join e. In addition to each BRI performan	ce and acade at Strategic m on financial p U Executive I ce currently rust in the Ea	neetings for performance Board. on plan.		NIHR monitor BRU performance University analysis of data					
A	ction track	er:			Due date	Owner			Progress u	ıpdate:		Status
actions complete - BRC status achieved												

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated v	ersion as at											
Principal risk 8:	Failure to medical ed		ffective leari	ning culture	and to provi	de consiste	ntly high sta	andards of	s of Risk owner:			Sue Carr, Medical Education /Louise Tibbert, Director of Workforce & OD	
Strategic objective:		•	esearch, inn		clinical edu	cation.			Objective (				
Annual priorities	Improve the retention, Develop tr	professional and engaged workforce the experience of our medical students to enhance their training and improve n, and help to introduce the new University of Leicester Medical Curriculum. training for New and Enhanced Roles i.e. Physician's Associates, Advanced Nurse ners, Clinical Coders								ance Rating	Exec Board RAG Ratin = EQB 04/04/2017		
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May									Feb	March	
	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x4=12 3x2=6	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x4=12	
Target risk rating (I x L):													
Controls: (preventive, corrective)	ve, directive,		Int		ance on effe	ctiveness o		kternal		Gaps in	Control /	Assurance	
Delivery of Clinical, Non-Clinical Education Directive Controls Medical Education Strategy Non-Medical Education Strategy Apprenticeship Attraction Strateg Operational guidance TB, EWB & EPB scrutiny / challeng Education issues Medical Workforce Strategy Medical Education Committee Medical Workforce Policy. NED - Colonel (Retd) Iain Crowe happointed to support Clinical Edu Quality Improvement Plan for Un and Postgraduate Education and	detective)  inical, Non-Clinical and Medical  trols ation Strategy Education Strategy ip Attraction Strategy uidance B scrutiny / challenge of Medical ues cforce Strategy ation Committee cforce Policy. (Retd) lain Crowe has been support Clinical Education. vement Plan for Undergraduate						Medical Schurvey) - poo Student Sur- in Dec 2016 ation Progratudents cho Foundation d directly to	e survey resume areas of concol feedbac or performan vey 2016. 6 - formal repairs amme - 19% ise LNR as the training ar year 2 doctors	concern  k (National ace in ace in ace of Leicester deir first act that of the ars who araining – only	(8.3) (feed (c) Lack of Education, (c) Reducti (SIFT) (8.4)	I trainer rouslity train back) availability training f	oles (8.2) ing delivery y of	

	ln		
Department of Chinical Education Tisk register.			
University Dean's report. Department of Clinical Education risk register.			
•			
reports			
CMG Medical Education Leads meetings and			
UHL trainee surveys.			
to GMC Promoting Excellence Standards			
Medical Education Quality Dashboard mapped			
Detective Controls			

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
UHL Appraisal of GMC recognised trainer roles (8.2)	Aug-17	DME/ Appraisal lead	Working with UHL Appraisal Lead Mary Mushambi - framework and education sessions developed already	4
Implementation of Listening into Action Quick Wins and Longer Term Actions across Education Specific LiA Pioneering Programmes - LiA Summary (8.3)	March 17 Complete	MD/ DWOD/ CN	Implementation monitored by Associated Sponsor Groups (including external partners such as the University of Leicester as appropriate) and progress reported to UHL LiA Sponsor Group - Actions have been implemented including mentors/changes to induction and communication strategy	_
Develop & Implement Education Facilities Business Case (8.4)	March 17 Complete	MD/ DWOD/ CN	Project Group established, SRO and Project Manager appointed. Work commenced on developing Business Case - Project group EXEL@UHL has been established - going forward as part of reconfiguration	5
Implementation of Enabling Work Programme for Future Education of Health and Social Care Provision / Workforce Attraction and Recruitment (8.4)	March 17 Complete	DWOD	Implementation monitored by newly established LWAB and LWAG at monthly intervals -BMU Course has been validated and UHL will receive PA students from September 2017 - PA Tutor to be appointed	5

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated v	ersion as a	t:	Mar-17									
Principal risk 9:					nvestment an	d governan	ce may cau	se failure to	Risk own	er:	Nigel Brunskill, DoRaD		
			Medicine Ce										
Strategic objective:	Enhanced	delivery in	research, in	novation an	nd clinical educ	ation			Objective	e owner:	owner: MD		
Annual priorities	Support tl	ne developr	nent of the	Genomic M	edical Centre	and Precisio	on Medicine	e Institute	Risk Assu	irance Rating	ESB Board RAG Rating = (Date: 11/04/17)		
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May June July August Sept Oct							Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	4x4=16	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	
Target risk rating (I x L):							3x2=6						
Controls: (preventive, corrective	e, directive,			Assu	rance on effe	tiveness o	f controls						
detective)			Ir	nternal				xternal		Gaps in	Control /	Assurance	
Directive Controls		Monthly	and annual	trajectory fo	or recruitment	Eastern Ei	ngland Gen	omic Centre i	monitoring	(c ) Ineffec	tive recru	itment into	
Director of R&I meets with key CN	/IG managers	into this	project.			against re	cruitment t	rajectory.	studies attributable to lack of			o lack of	
to ensure engagement.										research st	aff (9.1)		
Genomic Medicine Centre (GMC)	CMG leads	Currently	we are sligl	htly below t	rajectory for								
for Cancer and rare diseases		rare disea	ases but this	s is improvin	ig. New								
New pathway for samples initiate	d with	pathway for samples initiated with Genomic											
Genomic Medicine Centre at Cam	bridge	Medicine	Centre at C	Cambridge to	o resolve								
(previously Nottingham).		issues											
Preventive Controls													
Engagement with CMGs via comm	٠.												
including weekly national and loca	al (i.e. UHL)												
news letters													
Contracting and innovation team	anaialiaa -···												
Work with Medplex to help comm	iercialise out												
projects ideas IT service agreement in place													
Detective Controls													
Research study subject recruitmen	nt traiectory	را											
sufficient income depends upon n	•	`											
recruitment thresholds). Monitor	_												
Steering Committee and UHL Exec	•												
						1							

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
(9.1) Engagement of CMGs with process	June 16 Sep - 16 Dec 16 March 17 June 17	MD DRI	Successful conference 8-9/3/17 attended by CE, Director of Finance, Clinical Director W&C, Clinical Director RRCVS and academics. External guests included Prof Mark Caulfield, Chief Scientific Officer for Genomics England and representatives from NHS England and Health Education England. A conference report is being produced. Post conference meeting between RRCVS, genetics consultants and GMC team arranged. Discussions with academics on collaboration between UHL and UoL to produce short course training modules - potential income to the Trust.	
(9.1) Recruitment against trajectories	June 16 Sep - 16 Dec 16 March 17 June 17	DRI	Recruitement to Rare diseases continues well - presently 10% above trajectory. Recruitment to cancer contiues on trajectory overall. Last two weeks of March had the highest weekly recruitment figures for cancer so far. Preparations to launch recruitment in lung, haematologica and colorectal cancers continue with instalation of pathology equipment purchased as part of the project.	3

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated ve	rsion as at:		Mar-17								
Principal risk 10a:				-	at the right transplayed		right place	and with the	Risk owne	r:	DoWD	
Strategic objective:	A caring, pr	ofessional a	and engage	d workforce					Objective	owner:	DoWD	
Annual Priorities	workforce t sustainabili Develop a r	that operate ty. more inclusi	es across trave ve and dive	strategy to o aditional org erse workfor the needs o	Risk Assur	ance Rating	EPB RAG Rating = 18/04/17					
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March
	New	risk opened	in July	4x4=16	4X4=16	4X4=16	4X4=16	4X4=16	4X4=16	4X4=16	4X4=16	4X4=16
Target risk rating (I x L):						4>	(2=8					
Controls: (preventive, corrective	e, directive,			Assur	rance on effe	ctiveness o	f controls			Cama in A	Cambral / A	
detective)		Internal					External			Gaps in G	Control / A	ssurance
Workforce planning including recr retention Directive Controls	ruitment &	Review of monthly data sets						ng - Off trajec	-	Lack of Res	ourcing str	rategy -
Executive Workforce Board					, AHP, other		& HEEM - N	ational tariffs	linked to	(10a.1)		
New Roles Group UHL Workforce Plan		_	s) - currentl	•	ently on tracl	funding	kforco Advi	cory Group		Morkforce	plans for 1	7/18 being
Nursing Task and Finish group Medical Workforce Strategy		6 pillars in	place - mor	nitoring agai e - currently	inst these.	Local wor	KIOICE AUVI	sory Group		developed outturn (10	in CMGs b	
Resourcing Steering Board					l March 2017							
LLR workforce plan		New Medi	cal Agency	orkforce effi dashboard a	and more							
Detective Controls			•	ng and gove	rnance							
Premium Pay Dashboard			mplemente									
Organisational Health Dashboard				al, mandato								
Recruitment action plans		Monitoring	g vacancy p	osition and	recruitment	I				I		

Exit interviews i focess			
Detective controls  Exit Interviews Process			
BREXIT Communication Plan			
Directive controls	leaving UHL		improvement (10a.4)
Address BREXIT workforce implications	Measuring no. of EU Nationals working /		Take-up and response rate to exit interviews requires
KPIs monitored via training providers			
Detective controls	Local staff support sessions in place		Lack of National Guidance (10a.3)
Bi-monthly contract performance meetings with extreme providers			
colleges of FE and private providers)	Currently on track with all KPIs	(WRES) report to NHS England	
Preventative controls  Working with external training providers (e.g.		Workforce, Race and Equality Statement	
Monthly Diversity working group	diversity action plan - currently on track		
Quality and Diversity action Plan	Achievement of milestones within Quality and		
Directive controls	public website		
vorkforce	diversity reported to TB and published on UHL		
Develop a more inclusive and diverse	activity Annual workforce report on quality and		

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
10a.1 - Resourcing strategy to be developed	Dec 16 March 17 May 17	DWOD	Being developed through the Resourcing Board. LLR Recruitment and Attraction group established - Action plan agreed and in place. Developing overarching framework for LLR Strategy to ensure alignment at UHL.	3
10a.3 - Action unclear until informal negotiations have taken place once article 51 has been invoked.		DWOD	Awaiting national guidance - invoking of article 51 still to be invoked- FAQ's developed and shared to be clear on current status and position for individuals.	5
10a.4 Improve take up and response rate to exit interviews	March 17 May 17		Promotion of take up being developed through CMG's and incorporated within Monthly IFPIC Report. Promoted through CFO brief	3
Develop Workforce plans for 17/18 in CMGs based on outturn (10a.5).	Review May 2017	DWOD	Budget ceilings have not yet been set, likely to be delayed until end of April to enable year end closure	3

<b>Board Assurance Framework:</b>	Updated v	ersion as a	at:	Mar-17								
Principal risk 10b:		ent impact		•	nability in the	•	-	ge and s required for	Risk ow	ner:	DoWD	
Strategic objective:	A caring, p	orofessiona	al and enga	ged workfo	rce				Objectiv	e owner:	owner: DoWD	
Annual priorities	engageme Develop ti	ent and a co	onsistent ap new and er	pproach to	the UHL Way change and de es, i.e. Physici	evelopmen	t.	d level of staff nced Nurse	Risk Assurance Rating		EPB RAG Rating = 18/04/17	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	May June July August Sept Oct Nov								Feb	March
	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16   4x4=16   4x4=16   4X4=16   4X4=16   4X4=						4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16
Target risk rating (I x L):							4x2=8					
Principal risk 10:				Assı	urance on eff	ectiveness	of controls			Gaps in	Control	/ Assurance
Develop Integrated Workforce Stra				nternal				External		Ī		ing for new
Directive Controls  LWAB - Local Workforce Advisory B  LWAG - Local Workforce Advisory G  Workforce enabling group (strategice Executive Workforce Board  Local Education and Training Group  New roles group  Apprenticeship attraction strategy  LLR Apprenticeship Attraction Strate  Detective Controls  Workforce Enabling Plan  Deliver yr1 implementation 'The L  Directive controls  Executive Workforce Board  Internal Governance Structure esta  UHL Way Steering Group  UHL 'LiA' Sponsor group  Detective Controls  Schedule of activities for each comp  'The UHL Way'	Group c) degy JHL Way' blished	view of c 2.Workfo 3. Staff N move pe 4.Future Provision 5.Organis Measure 4 compo 1. Better 2. Better 4. Acade	gic Workfor capacity and proce Attract Mobility – Dople aroung Education aroung and sational Deserge against somethis: and process against somethis: and process are angagements: and process are change aroung arou	d capability tion and Receveloping to d the syster of Health & velopment chedule of a	cruitment; he ability to m; Social Care and Change.	Leiceste		ership Academ ovement Innov m.	-	and enhan	ced roles	(10b.1)

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
10b.1 - Implementation of Enabling Works Programmes (across the system):- Strategic Workforce Planning - Develop a view of capacity and capability changes; Workforce Attraction and Recruitment; Staff Mobility – Developing the ability to move people around the system; Future Education of Health & Social Care Provision; and Organisational Development and Change.	Apr-17		Progress monitored by LLR Local Workforce Advisory Board and Local Workforce Advisory Group. Work completed on interdependencies between enabling and clinical work streams. Next LWAG meeting scheduled to take place on 28 April 2017. STP workforce plan underway as part of STP Assurance process. Review of STP workforce numbers in line with beds capacity due at end June 2017	4

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated v	ersion as a	t:	Mar-17								
Principal risk 11:	Ineffective review'	structure	to deliver t	he recomme	endations of t	he national	'freedom t	o speak up	Risk owner:		DoWD	
Strategic objective:	A caring, p	rofessiona	l and engage	ed workforc	e				Objective	e owner:	owner: DoWD	
Annual priorities			recommendations of "Freedom to Speak Up" Review to further promote a n onest reporting culture						Risk Assu	rance Rating EPB RAG Rating = 18/04/17		Rating =
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March
	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x3=12	4X3=12	4X3=12	4X3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12
Target risk rating (I x L):							<b>&lt;2=8</b>					
Controls: (preventive, correctiv detective)	e, directive,	directive, Assurance of Internal						ternal		Gaps in	Control / A	Assurance
Directive controls  UHL Whistle blowing policy Freedom to speak up internal policy Executive Quality Board Executive Workforce Board Quality Assurance Committee Resources agreed and business cathe plan in place. Local Guardian appointed (Freedoup) - with access to national gaurd framework  Detective controls  No. of whistleblowing reported is: 3636 / gripe tool etc) Project plan with milestones for fispeak up	ng policy up internal policy up internal policy Goard ce Board Committee and business case to deliver pointed (Freedom to speak to national gaurdian  Detailed F2SU metrics:  No. UHL Whistleblowing reported or reporting period: TBA  reporting period: TBA  reporting period: TBA				d cases for						o comply w	
Casework monitoring (investigations)  Action tracker:					Due date	Owner		P	rogress up	date:		Status

Governance structure to be developed for Freedom to speak up. 11.1	<del>Sep 16</del>	DoWD	Review of policy taking place - renamed freedom to speak	3
	Oct 16		up / raising concerns (whistle blowing). Gaurdian	
	March 17		commenced 28th Feb - undertaking review during first 3	
	April 17		months. Policy to be submitted to PGC in May 2017.	
	May 2017			

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated ve	ersion as a	t:	Mar-17									
Principal risk 12:	Insufficient estates infrastructure capacity may adversely affect major estate							major estate transformation		Risk owner:		DEF	
Strategic objective:	Programme  A clinically sustainable configuration of services, operating from excellent facilities  Objection								Objective	Objective owner: CFO			
Annual priorities	Complete a	plete and open Phase 1 of the new Emergency Floor (C ver our reconfiguration business cases for vascular and				Occupation date 26 April 2017)			•		ESB RAG Rating = (ESB 11/04/17)		
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	
Target risk rating (I x L):						4X	3=12						
Controls: (preventive, corrective	, directive,			Assura	nce on effec	tiveness of	controls			Gans in	Control /	Assurance	
detective)			Int	ternal			Ex	ternal		Gaps in Control / Assurance			
Directive Controls  UHL reconfiguration programme g structure aligned to BCT  Reconfiguration investment progrademands linked to current infrastr Estates work stream to support reconfiguration established  Five year capital plan and individual business cases identified to support reconfiguration  Property / Space Management - clanon clinical schedules in place  Detective Controls  Survey to identify high risk element engineering and building infrastruct Monthly report to Capital Investme Monitoring committee to track programs capital backlog and capital Regular reports to Executive Performs Board (EPB).  Highlight reports developed month reported to the UHL Reconfiguration Programme Board.  Weekly Capital (Strategic and Operalign reconfiguration with infrastructions)	amme ucture.  al capital rt  inical and  ats of cture. eent ogress projects rmance ally and on	schedule Annual pr schedule Corporate risks now Various p delivery p reconfigu	rogramme - ( e knowledge part of UHL rojects to es programme a	tablish revise aligned to emand and	inst revised acture and ed capital	Premises A Capita Eng Phase 1: w under revi Phase 2 - v Water man December received 2 by a sub-g Group, wh Safety Gro Internal St in Decemb	Assurance National Residence of the series o	eport in two per now - Reco Specialists. We want to be audit carried audit report vand has been the UHL Water Strt back to the	phases - eived and and plan. out in was n reviewed Safety E UHL Wate it by PWC	and timeso (12.2)  Dedicated yet to be d alongside r business ca	o show op ales in rel Infrastruc eveloped najor recc	ptions, costs ation to risks.  ture Project to sit	

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
Identification of investment required and allocation of capital funding to develop a programme of works (12.2)	See Phase I & II below	DEF	Prioritisation of backlog capital once 2016/17 annual capital resources confirmed by IFPIC. Phasing options to be included with further programme to be developed once capital availability is confirmed. A paper was presented to Reconfiguration Board on 2 November 2016 where it was agreed to form an Infrastructure Project Board supported by technical work streams. These work streams will prioritise the development of an investment strategy linked to the refresh of the DCP's which is currently underway.  Work still in progress to develop capital investment	4
Programme of works phase I (12.2)	Feb 17 March 17 Complete	DEF	Phase 1 - Review of infrastructure requirements following outputs from refreshed DCP. Draft programme being consolidated to include additional information.  A Strategic Infrastructure Review paper was presented to IFPIC (23/02/17) detailing planned investment relating to Reconfiguration, Backlog condition, Compliance and Resilience, totaling £17.038m LRI and £11.634m for GGH	
Programme of works phase II (12.2)	Jun-17	DEF	Phase II - Identify areas of investment and develop high level costs to develop an OBC High level costs completed as above and presented to IFPIC (23/03/17) totalling circa £30m. Subject to capital availability the current draft plan for 2017/18 allows only £900k for reconfiguration and £500k for condition and compliance, with nothing for resilience. Based on this a proiority programme will be produced based on final capital funding for 2017/18*.	4

Capital plan C /D Includes an allocation of £1.5m which will support the reconfiguration infrastructure. (12.5)	ТВА	DEF	Confirmation of programme Q2 expected. Work being scoped. It is now unlikely that any funding for plan D will be forthcoming this financial year. Attention has now switched to firm up capital requirements for next financial year.  Investment programme timescale will be influenced by availability of capital finding i.e. CRL or External Funding. Awaiting capital plan for 2017/18 see above *	3
Rectification of any major non-compliance issues	2016/17 investem- ent program- me complete	DEF	Substitution as part of 2016/17 Capital Plan in place if required or covered by existing backlog allocation.  Revenue rectifications undertaken by E&F Team. The Capita reports make a number of investment recommendations associated with condition and compliance. These will be evaluated and prioritised by the infrastructure technical work streams and included in the capital investment plans for 2017/18.  2016/17 investement programme completed. A 5 year risk based rolling investment programme for complaince will be developed, aligned to capital availability.	5

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at: Mar-17												
Principal risk 13:	Limited capital envelope to deliver the reconfigured estate what Trust's revenue obligations						which is required to meet the Risk (			Risk owner:		CFO	
Strategic objective:		ically sustainable configuration of services, operating from excellent facilities  Objective or								owner: CFO			
Annual priorities	clinical sco	evelop outline business cases for our integrated Children's nical scoping of other projects e.g. Women's Services and eatres, beds and long term ICU							Risk Assurance Rating		ESB RAG Rating = (ESB 11/04/17)		
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	4x5=20	4x4=16	4x3=12	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	
Target risk rating (I x L):						4x	2=8						
Controls: (preventive, corrective	, directive,			Assurar	nce on effec	tiveness of	controls			Gans in	Control / A	ccuranco	
detective)			Int	ernal			Ext	ternal		Gaps in Control / Assurance			
<b>Directive Controls/Preventive Con</b>	trols	Capital exp	oenditure ar	nd progress a	gainst	UHL's Annu	ıal Operatiı	ng Plan, as su	ıbmitted to	c) Limited o	apital fund	ing within	
Five year capital plan and individua	l capital	reconfigur	ation progra	ımme monit	ored via	NHS Impro	vement, in	cludes capita	I	2016/17 pr	ogramme a	ind future	
business cases identified to suppor	t				/ IFPIC/ TB.			7/18 strategi	years (13.1 and 13.2).				
reconfiguration		On track a	gainst revise	ed schedule.		programme (awaiting feedback).							
Business case development is overseen by the								(c) ITU interim configuration has					
strategy directorate and business case project Resource expenditure for dev				Monthly meetings with NHSI ensures Trust's capital priorities are clearly identified and				been delayed due to capital					
boards manage and monitor individual business cases - on track/ monitor			ck/ monitore	ed on a		rities are c	learly identif	ied and	availability	(13.3).			
schemes.		monthly b	asis			known.						0.00	
Capital plan and overarching progra		A ((   .   .   .						into Books	I Di I	(c) develop			
reconfiguration is regularly reviewe	ed by the			·		Formal communication with Regional Directo at NHSE and NHSI regarding the strategic							
executive team.  Detective Controls			vised progra		- on track		_	inked to BCT	-	(13.4).			
Capital Investment Monitoring Con	mittee to	againstrev	riseu progra	mme.		capital requ	an ements i	ilikeu to bci	•	(c) develon	ment of the	e SOC (13.5)	
monitor the programme of capital	iiiiittee to	Canital evr	nenditure ac	ainst the agr	reed canital	IIR BCT (ar	nd now STP	) include the	evternal	(c) develop	inent of the	300 (13.3)	
expenditure and early warning to is	sues.		configuration	_	•			of the systen					
Monthly reports to ESB and IFPIC o		-	-	nthly financia			•	o					
of reconfiguration capital programm			figuration B	•									
Highlight reports produced for each			Ü										
and submitted to the Reconfigurati													
Programme Board.													
Corrective Control													
Revised programme timescale appr	oved by												
IFPIC on a monthly basis.													
А	ction tracke	er:			Due date	Owner		Pi	ogress upda	ite:		Status	

Consideration to be given to alternative sources of funding. (13.1)	June 16 Aug 16 Dec 16 Feb 17 March 17 Apr 17	CFO	STP submitted in October, assuming the use of PF2 for Women's and PACH projects.  Exploratory discussions with expert PF2 advisors (Deloitte) regarding which capital schemes could potentially be suitable. Meeting with PFU in May 2016, options still being explored. A paper recommending PF2 use for the Women's and PACH projects was approved at the September 2016 Reconfiguration Board. Meeting held with the PFI & Transaction team and HMT - on-going discussions around the suitability of PF2 for retained estate elements of projects. A paper was presented to the Trust Board Thinking Day in February. Meeting with DH & Treasury on 20th March 2017 was positive and next steps are being	3
Maintain dialogue with NHSI and NHSE regarding the pressing need for external capital to facilitate strategic change (13.2)	June 16 Aug 16 Dec 16 Feb 17 March 17 Apr 17	CEO/CFO	Alongside recent correspondence and discussion regarding BCT and its capital requirements, the LLR STP represents a further opportunity to formalise and emphasise the requirement. Meeting held with local NHSI representatives to discuss PF2 and the new national guidance for business cases (including SOCs).	3
Capital plan C has identified best way to prioritise / progress all reconfiguration projects within a reduced funding allocation (13.3)	June 16 Aug 16 Dec 16 Feb 17 March 17 Complete	CFO	Capital plan D has been developed which allows for the development of additional ward capacity at GH for HPB which is now necessary before the ICU interim move. Discussions with NHSI informed the need for an OBC and FBC - work on OBC has commenced. ICU construction will commence once capital funding becomes available. Interim measures have been put in place to manage risks in short-term in terms of capacity, these mitigations need to be reviewed if any further delays. Priorisation of projects for internal CRL in 2017/18 is now complete.	5

DCP Refresh - phase 2. The clinical design solution and capital plan for the two	Nov 16	CFO	Detailed work on the first iteration of the DCP refresh is	
acute sites will be urgently reviewed in light of the approved STP bed numbers to	<del>Dec 16</del>		now complete, and engagement with the senior medical	
understand impact (13.4)	Feb 17		and nursing teams has been carried out to ensure	
	March 17		ongoing clinical support of assumptions. commenced and	
	June 17		discussion is on-going to validate the revised capital costs.	
			Following a workshop in February a detailed action plan	
			is now in place working to the end of March. This has	
			<del>caused</del>	2
			<del>a delay to the DCP refresh programme.</del> Changes to this	3
			DCP may require the STP to be fine tuned, therefore	
			discussions with Niki Bridge are ongoing regarding	
			progress and programme.	
			The changes to the STP bed bridge mean a further	
			iteration of the DCP is now required, to allow for	
			additional capacity. The team have commenced work on	
			this next iteration and a further workshop has been	
Reconfiguration Programme are currently developing a Strategic Outline Case	Feb 17	CFO	The new NHSI guidance outlines that the SOC cannot be	
(SOC); which will articulate how the programme is affordable overall, reflecting	July 2017		submitted without the pre-consultation business case and	
the STP and the DCP refresh. This will then form the basis for subsequent Outline			the outcome of consultation. Consultation cannot	
Business Cases (OBC) and Full Business Cases (FBC) for individual projects (13.5).			commence until the STP has been refreshed to reflect the	3
			Operating Plan and the refreshed DCPs. There is therefore	
			a significant delay to the SOC development programme.	

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated v	ersion as a	t:	Mar-17	<u></u>									
Principal risk 14:	Failure to	deliver clini	ically sustair	nable configu	ration of ser	vices			Risk own	er:	CFO			
Strategic objective:	A clinically	sustainabl	e configurat	ion of service	es, operating	from excel	lent faciliti	es	Objective	e owner:	CFO			
Annual priorities	Develop no reconfigur		of care that	will support	the develop	ment of our	services a	nd our	Risk Assu	ırance Rating		ESB RAG Rating = (ESB 11/04/17)		
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March		
	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20	4x5=20			
Target risk rating (I x L):							2=8		<u>.</u>					
Controls: (preventive, corrective)	e, directive,			Assura	nce on effec	tiveness of	controls		Gans in	Control /	Assurance			
detective)			In	ternal			Ex	ternal	Gaps III	Control	Assurance			
Directive Controls		Progress of the reconfiguration programme is				Regular me	eetings wit	h	(a) Detailed	d bed cap	acity			
UHL reconfiguration programme g	governance	monitored via aggregated reporting to ESB/				- STP PMO	and Leade	rship team	model/assumptions have been					
structure aligned to new STP gove	rnance and	and IFPIC/ TB.				- NHS Impr	rovement			included as	part of t	he latest STP		
interdependencies to be reported	to ESB					- NHS Engl	and					ient work on		
monthly identifying potential risks and issues  Overall reconfiguration programme									the bed red					
affecting delivery.			orted as 'amb						has resulte	d in a rev	ised bed			
Strategic capital business case wo	rk streams	complexit	ty of progra	mme and risk	s associated					bridge, wit				
aligned to new STP governance.		with deliv	ery.							2021 than	•	•		
A Reconfiguration Programme Str	•									Discussions				
Outline Case (SOC) is planned, wh										agree how	•			
reflect the STP submission, the re												ded on UHL		
Development Control Plans and the												ently to agree		
of public consultation. This SOC w												an over the 5		
demonstrate affordability of the p	_									year period	d. (14.1).			
as a whole; and therefore pave th	•													
approval of individual project Out	line Business									` '		own of beds,		
Cases (OBC).										theatres ar		•		
Monthly meetings with NHSI to it	•											developed		
business cases coming up for app										and will inf				
Detailed programme plan identify	• .									Developme				
milestones for delivery of the cap	•									UHL's reco	-			
Project plans and resources ident	ilied against											eakdown will		
each project.	1 1									need to be	updated	in line with		

A tuture operating model at speciality level which supports a two acute site footprint.  Detective Controls A monthly report outlining progress with the reconfiguration programme is submitted to the UHL Reconfiguration Programme Board. Monthly aggregate reporting to ESB, IFPIC and Trust Board. Monthly meetings with NHSI to discuss the programme of delivery. Monitoring of progress towards UHL two acute site model including interdependencies between projects. Monitoring of business case timescales for delivery. Requirements identified to deliver key projects overseen by PMO. Monitor spend against agreed budgets.  Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	the revised bed brinform the second DCPs. Once compliance of the plan show sites will be reconfuncted by sear period, and value of each project overall capital plan the STP. This plan win light of the Oper (14.2).  (c) The STP has delease of the PMO to gain the pre-consultation case. This has resu to consultation. The minimal impact on development of the Women's business capital funding is in financial year to prevent the pre-consultation of the plan of the	iteration of the eted, the I provide a ring how UHL's igured over the will confirm the et within the identified in will be reviewed rating plan.  ayed the ability approval of on business Ited in a delay ere has been the e PACH and cases since ot available this ogress design while, detailed I patient
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The demand and capacity discussions concluded with the agreement	<del>June 16</del>	COO / CFO	Phase 1 of the DCP refresh is complete to give a possible	3
that 200 beds would be added back into the UHL bed base within the STP; 2 new	July 16		range of scenarios. The first iteration of Phase 2 of the	
build wards at GH and the remainder at LRI within refurbished estate and the	<del>Dec 16</del>		DCP refresh is now complete, utilising the 1697 end state	
community. Impact on capital programme, Estates Strategy and DCPs is currently	<del>Jan 17</del>		for beds and the bed split by specialty as identfied in the	
being worked up. Conclusions need to feed into NHSE led assurance process in	Feb 17		STP. Engagement with the senior medical and nursing	
advance of public consultation and reconfiguration. Internal work with estates,	March 17		teams has been carried out to ensure ongoing support of	
clinical, finance and workforce teams continues to support implementation when	June 17		assumptions.	
plans are agreed. (14.1, 14.2, 14.3)			Changes to the STP bed brdige mean a further iteration of	
			the DCP is now required, to allow for additional capacity.	
			The team have commenced work on this next iteration	
			and a further workshop has been organised for May.	
			This has caused a delay to the DCP refresh programme.	
			This, along with the refreshed STP and the outcome of	
			public consultation, will inform the Reconfiguration	
			Programme Strategic Outline Case. Estates strategy to be	
			updated thereafter.	
	l			

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated v	ersion as a	t:	RISK CLO	SED MARCH 2	2017							
Principal risk 15:		deliver the gement (SL		ogramme o	f services revi	ews, a key o	component	of service-	Risk owr	ner:	CFO	CFO	
Strategic objective:		· · ·	ble NHS Org	anisation					Objectiv	Objective owner:		CFO	
Annual priorities	going viab	ility of our	clinical serv	ices	e programme cy improveme				Risk Assurance Rating		Exec Board RAG Rating = TBA following corporate restructure		
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	Closed	
Target risk rating (I x L):						3:	x2=6						
Controls: (preventive, corrective	e, directive,	directive, Assurance on effectiveness of controls									C		
detective)			In	ternal			E	xternal		Gaps in	Control /	Assurance	
Directive Controls		Regular update reports to ESB, EPB and IFPIC.					udit (PWC)	October 201	Service Re	view prog	ramme has		
Governance arrangements establis	shed					Line Repo	rting		now been discontinued (15.5).				
Overarching project plan for service	ce reviews												
developed	programi	me being de	veloped as	agreed									
New structure / methodology agre	through I	ESB. Individ	ual service i	reviews will									
capturing outputs in a consistent v	vay, aligned	report th	rough to the	Steering G	iroup and the								
to the IHI Triple Aim and UHL way		Steering	Group will p	rovide quar	terly updates								
New virtual team structure to supp	port the	to ESB.											
intensive service reviews. Steerin	g Group in												
place to monitor and provide assu	rance												
regarding the service review progr	amme (all												
levels i.e. standard, enhance and i	ntensive).												
Detective Controls													
SLM / Service Review Data Packs r													
include a range of metrics, beyond													
Monthly updates required from se													
against pre-determined work prog													
Measureable outcomes now embe													
· ·	e process via improved methodology												
- Where relevant, schemes with a													
benefit are added to the CIP Track	er												
	Action track	vor:			Due	Owner		D	rogress un	ndate:		Status	
•	action track	er:			date	Owner		P	rogress up	oate:		Status	

<del>Jan 17</del>	CFO	Service Review programme now ceased. Head of Service	3	
March 17		Reviews redeployed through Management of Change.		
		Risk to be removed.		
		Despite this process / programme winding to a close, the		
		risk score has not been changed due to the limited		
		savings generated by the process when it was live.		
		March 17		March 17  Reviews redeployed through Management of Change. Risk to be removed.  Despite this process / programme winding to a close, the risk score has not been changed due to the limited

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated v	ersion as a	t:	Mar-17									
Principal risk 16:	The Demai	nd/Capacit	y gap if unre	esolved ma	y cause a failure	to achiev	e UHL defic	it control tota	Risk owne	r:	CFO	CFO	
	in 2016/17	,											
Strategic objective:	A financial	ly sustaina	ble NHS org	anisation					Objective	owner: CFO			
Annual priorities			line with ou						Risk Assurance Rating			Rating = EPB	
	Reduce ou	r agency sp	end to the	national ca	sh target						(Date: 25	(Date: 25/04/17)	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
carrent risk rating (r x 2).	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15         5x3=15         5x4=20         5x4=20         5x4=20						5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25	5x5=25	
Target risk rating (I x L):						5:	x2=10						
Controls: (preventive, correctiv	e, directive,			Assı	urance on effec	tiveness o	f controls			Gans in	Control /	Assurance	
detective)		Internal					Ex	kternal		Gaps II	Control	Assurance	
Directive Controls		Contracts signed with both main					eview of fina	ancial plan by	NHS	(c) Significa	ant deterio	ration in the	
Agreed Financial Plan for 2016/17	(AOP)	commissioners.				Improven	nent.			financial performance within			
Standing Financial Instructions										month 8. T	he additio	nal	
UHL Service and Financial strategy	as per SOC		iternal proce			Quarterly	submission	to NHS Impr	ovement of	-		esponses are	
and LTFM.		plan for 2	2016/17 as a	greed by IF	PIC and TB.	STF Perfo	rmance.			defined an			
Preventative Controls										ensure ach			
Sign-off and agreement of contract	ts with CCGs					Two day deep dive by NHSI into our financial planning process has been undertaken with				•			
and NHS England		reporting	a deficit of	£38.6m (ex	cluding STF).					end deficit	position (	16.1).	
CIP delivery plan for 2016/17		l				_		uss and prov	•				
Detective Controls			•	_	ed at M12 in			hted by NHSI				ognised base	
The detailed position will be review			STF rules at				-	ft report reci		on Q3 and			
Executive Performance Board mor	•		o plan by £1					rned. Awaitir	ıg	performan		-	
Integrated Finance, Performance &		-				Tinalisatio	on of draft re	eport.			-	dditional cash	
Committee and Trust Board montl Monthly finance reporting in relat	-	_	de available capital facilit	_	ie revolving					support. (1	.0.2).		
income and expenditure and CIP	וטוו נט	working (	Japitai iatiili	.у.									
Monthly performance reporting in	relation to	CIP within	n the vear to	n date nosit	ion has over								
STF performance trajectories.	. Clation to				5m by £1.1m.								
Corrective Controls		ac.ivered	. against tile	p.a 01 13.	, <u></u>								
Identification and mitigation of ex	cess cost												
pressures													
Planned reduction in agency spend	d												
The CIP gap identified at the start													
	,	I				I				I			

has been closed.				
Reasonable assurance rating that risk is being managed:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
(16.1) Additional organisational wide responses are required to ensure achievement of the planned deficit.	Sept 16 Dec 16 Review monthly	CFO	Action plan developed and being reported at relevant Executive Team Meetings.	3
(16.2) as 16.1. Additional organisational wide responses are required to ensure achievement of the planned deficit	Review monthly	CFO	STF cannot be recognised for Q3 or Q4 based on actual deficit position. The cash impact is being funded through additional facilities provided through the utilisation of the Revovling Working Capital Facility.	3

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated ve	ersion as a	t:	Mar-17								
Principal risk 17:	Failure to a	ichieve a r	evised and a	pproved 5 ye	ear financial	strategy			Risk own	er:	CFO	
Strategic objective:	A financiall	y sustaina	ble NHS orga	anisation					Objective	owner:	owner: CFO	
Annual priorities				r 5-Year Plan national cash					Risk Assu	rance Rating	EPB RAG I (Date: 25)	Rating = EPB /04/17)
Current risk rating (I x L):		May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March
Target risk rating (I x L):	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15 2=10	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15
Controls: (preventive, corrective detective)	, directive,			ternal	nce on effe	tiveness of	controls Ex	ternal	Gaps in Control / Assurance			
				3.7m adverse LTFM to ensi king consister nsuring we ha plan over the I BCT 5 year s ences (reven	e to plan.  ure fitness  ncy with  ave a  e medium  strategy and  nue and  usiness cases	BCT SOC BCT PCBC Financial s' LTFM System-wi sustainabil Individual Assurance capital ma letter of su	trategy de five-year lity and trar business ca over cash f nagement c	A review of:  r 'place-base asformation ses above a orecasting a completed b ved Feb 17.	ed' plan (STP) certain leve nd working y PWC and	proceed woof STP (17.1)  (c) The Truexperienci within it's obligations Payment P	(c ) Currently seeking a proceed with public co of STP (17.2)  (c ) The Trust is current experiencing significant within it's ability to aclobligations under the Payment Practice Code This pressure is being a shortage of cash. (17.4)	
A	ction tracke	er:			Due date	Owner		Progress with action				Status
(17.2) Currently seeking authority	7.2) Currently seeking authority to proceed with public consultation		n	Oct 16 March-17	CE/CFO	Public con	blic consultation to follow approval of STP.				3	

(17.4) External cash injection required to resolve current working capital	Oct 16	CE/CFO	Process for working capital loan application yet to be	
requirements.	<del>Dec-16</del>		defined by NHSI Treasury team. Once defined the Trust	
	Feb 17		will make an appropriate application. Cash is currently	
	March 17		being accessed through the revolving working capital	
			facility with the final drawdown being made to the Trust's	3
			approved limit in January 2017. Further increases to	
			revolving working capital facility to allow additional cash	
			borrowing within the year. Facilities are being made	
			available into 17/18.	

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated ve	ersion as at:		Mar-17								
Principal risk 18:	Delay to th	e approvals	for the EPF	R programme	<u>.</u>				Risk owne	r:	CIO	
Strategic objective:	Enabled by	excellent II	M&T						Objective	owner:	CIO	
Annual priorities	Conclude t	he EPR busi	ness case a	nd start impl	ementation				Risk Assur	ance Rating	g Exec Board: EMI&T 25/04/17	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March
	4 x 4 = 16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	5x5 = 25	5x5 = 25	5x5 = 25	5x5 = 25	5x5 = 25
Target risk rating (I x L):						3 x	2 = 6					
Controls: (preventive, corrective	, directive,			Assura	nce on effec	tiveness of	controls		Gans in	Control /	Accurance	
detective)		Internal					Ext	ernal		Gaps III	Control / /	Assurance
Directive Controls Regular communications with key of throughout the external approvals IM&T Programme Board. EPR programme Board and the join Governance Board. Detective Controls Weekly meeting to discuss progres with IBM and separately with NHSI Corrective Controls Plan B to provide a paperlite solution new EF Build has been approved Works that support the EPR project be used for an alternative, have be completed	Internal and external meetings about the are being undertaken.  Board.  Until NHSI approval is given we can't en with our key partners to implement the system, however we continue to work to mitigate the impact of the delay.  It systems including Clinicom and ORMI ensure they can be supported for a long period prior to replacement by EPR or alternative.				n't engage nt the vork to our major ORMIS to a longer	gateway ac implement HSCIC have on the EPR	tions follow ation in Q3 completed Project in N en and actio	l a health ch March 2016. on plan in pla	of EPR eck review Rated as	NHSI have confirmed that they a not in a position to support the proposal and their proposed cost envelope would mean that an integrated solution, UHLs prefer option, is no longer achievable (18.1).  Propose SOC for paper lite EPR solution (18.3)		
A	Action tracker:				Due date	Owner		Progress update:				Status
rogress work with NTDA/DoH to progress a firm timetable (18.1)				CIO	Initial worl	k has been u	ndertaken t	ed by NHSI* to review ou e solution - s	r			

Propose Strategic Outline Case for the development of a Paper Lite EPR solution	March-	CIO	First phase will be to revisit the work undertaken as	4
(18.3)	<del>2017</del>		part of the FBC for the Cerer EPR solution	
	May 2017			
			Initial reviews have shown we can start to achieve some	
			of the paper-lite benefits of EPR through limited	
			investments in the NC product, with the work being	
			generic enough to support any of the future models.	
			This will enable us to move forward. Further	
			conversations have happened with NUH around sharing	
			some of the development work to further mitigate	
			ricks/costs for the NC model	

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated ve	d version as at: Mar-17											
Principal risk 19:	Lack of alig	nment of IN	Л&T prioritie	es to UHL pr	iorities				Risk owne	er:	CIO		
Strategic objective:	Enabled by	excellent II	M&T						Objective	owner:	CIO		
Annual priorities	Improve ac	cess to and	integration	of our IT sys	stems				Risk Assur	urance Rating Exec Boar 25/04/17			
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	3 x 4 = 12	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x4=12	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	
Target risk rating (I x L):						3 x	2 = 6						
Controls: (preventive, corrective detective)	detective) Internal					ectiveness of controls    External Gaps in Control / I							
Prioritisation Group meets monthly.  Standard operating procedure for bringing and authorising new work tasks.  Progress updates reported to Executive IM&T board quarterly.  UHL IM&T Governance Structure.  Capital prioritisation plan in place.  Detective Controls  Prioritisation matrix to define projects.  Service Level Agreements.  Weekly reporting within IM&T  Monthly Prioritisation meetings  Reports to Executive IM&T board  board quarterly.  UHL IM&T Governance Structure.  Capital prioritisation plan in place.  Detective Controls  Prioritisation matrix to define projects.  Service Level Agreements.  Weekly and monthly meetings to discuss issues and monitor progress.							•	15/16) of UH		` '	to CMGs wi		
A	ction tracke	er:			Due date	Owner		Pr	ogress upd	ate:		Status	
To look at re-introduction of the CN restructure of IM&T resources (19.		manageme	nt role withi	in a	Mar-17	CIO	The develo	•	costed plar	to re-introd	uce this	4	
To review the deliverables in line with the EPR re-work to ensure the new programme accelerate the delivery of key items, such as desktop refresh (19.1)					Mar-17	CIO	approach t	The impact of the EPR re-work is causing concern with approach to desktop refresh as different approaches h different needs					
o review the urgent requirments for equipment refresh in clinincal areas (19.1				eas (19.1)	Review Aug 17	CIO		•		tified to star nt is in place		4	

### Reasonable assurance rating:

Green	G Effective controls in place and satisfactory outcomes of assurance received			
Amber	Α	Effective controls thought to be in place but outcomes of assurances are uncertain / insufficient.		
Red	I R	New controls need to be introduced and monitoted and outcomes of assurances are not available to the Board.		

#### **Risk rating criteria:**

<u>Current Risk Rating:</u> A reasonable estimate of the likely occurrence and likely consequence with the current control measures in place.

<u>Target Risk Rating:</u> A reasonable estimate of the likely occurrence and likely consequence with the current control measures and future actions applied. Risk target (also referred to as residual risk) is the amount of risk that is accepted or tolerated, or the level that has been decided to manage a risk down to in an ideal world.

As the BAF is focussed on the risks to achieving its most important annual objectives the risk target score should be achieved when all actions are applied taking into consideration that the objectives and principal risks will be refreshed on an annual basis (annual period 1st April to 31st March).

	Impact / Consequence								
5	Extreme	Catastrophic effect upon the objective, making it unachievable	5	Almost Certain (81%+)					
4	Major	Significant effect upon the objective, thus making it extremely difficult/ costly to achieve	4	Likely (61% - 80%)					
3	Moderate	Evident and material effect upon the objective, thus making it achievable only with some moderate difficulty/cost.	3	Possible (41% - 60%)					
2	Minor	Small, but noticeable effect upon the objective, thus making it achievable with some minor difficulty/ cost.	2	Unlikely (20% - 40%)					
1	Insignificant	Negligible effect upon the achievement of the objective.	1	Rare (Less than 20%)					

### **Action tracker status:**

5	Complete
4	On-track
3	Some delay. Expected to be completed as planned
2	Significant delay. Unlikely to be completed as planned.
1	Not yet commenced.
0	Objective revised.

# **BAF Matrix**

		3 6 9 12 15 15 16 20				
		1 Insignificant	2 Minor	3 Moderate	4 Major	5 Extreme
	1 Rare	1	2	3	4	5
<u>=</u>	2 Unlikely	2	4	6	8	10
Likelihood	3 Possible	3	6	9	12	15
ğ	4 Likely	4	8	12	16	20
	5 Almost Certain	5	10	15	20	25

Appendix 2 Risk Register Dashboard as at 31 Mar 17

Risk ID	СМС	Risk Title	Current Risk Score	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner	Risk Movement	Themes aligned with Trust Objectives
2236	ESM	There is a risk of overcrowding due to the design and size of the ED footprint & increased attendance to ED	25	16	lan Lawrence	$\leftrightarrow$	Effective emergency care
2762	Corporate Nursing	Ability to provide safe, appropriate and timely care to all patients attending the Emergency Department at all times.	25	15	Julie Smith	$\leftrightarrow$	Effective emergency care
2566	CHUGGS	There is risk of delays to planning patient treatment due to the age of the Toshiba Aquilion CT scanner in the Radiotherapy Dept	20	1	Lorraine Williams	$\leftrightarrow$	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
2354	RRCV	There is a risk of overcrowding in the Clinical Decisions Unit	20	9	Sue Mason	$\leftrightarrow$	Effective emergency care
2670	RRCV	There is a risk to the Immunology & Allergy Services due to a Consultant Vacancy	20	6	Karen Jones	$\leftrightarrow$	Workforce capacity and capability
2886	RRCV	LGH Water Treatment Plant risk of downtime, resulting from equipment failure of the water plant impacting on HD patients	20	8	Geraldine Ward	$\leftrightarrow$	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
2931	RRCV	Increasing frequency of Cardiac Monitoring System on CCU failing to operate	20	4	Judy Gilmore	$\leftrightarrow$	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
2804	ESM	Outlying Medical Patients into other CMG beds due to insufficient ESM inpatient bed capacity	20	12	Susan Burton	$\leftrightarrow$	Effective emergency care
2149	ESM	High nursing vacancies across the ESM CMG impacting on patient safety, quality of care and financial performance	20	6	Susan Burton	$\leftrightarrow$	Workforce capacity and capability
2333	ITAPS	Lack of Paediatric cardiac anesthetists to maintain a WTD compliant rota leading to interruptions in service provision	20	8	Chris Allsager	$\leftrightarrow$	Workforce capacity and capability
2763	ITAPS	Risk of patient deterioration due to the cancellation of elective surgery as a result of lack of ICU capacity	20	10	Chris Allsager	$\leftrightarrow$	Workforce capacity and capability
2990	MSK & SS	There is a risk of delayed outpatient corrospondance to referer/patient following clinic attendance.	20	3	Clare Rose	NEW	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
2191	MSK & SS	Lack of capacity within the ophthalmology service is causing delays that could result in serious patient harm.	20	8	Clare Rose	$\leftrightarrow$	Workforce capacity and capability
2867	CSI	A risk to staff health and not meeting regulatory requirements due to cracks in LRI Mortuary Floor	20	3	Mike Langford	<b>↑</b>	Workforce capacity and capability
2940	W&C	Risk that paed cardiac surgery will cease to be commissioned in Leicester with consequences for intensive care & other services	20	8	Nicola Savage	$\leftrightarrow$	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare

Risk ID	СМС	Risk Title	Current Risk Score	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner	Risk Movement	Themes aligned with Trust Objectives
2403	Corporate Nursing	There is a risk changes in the organisational structure will adversely affect water management arrangements in UHL	20	4	Elizabeth Collins	$\leftrightarrow$	Estates and Facilities services
2404	Corporate Nursing	ere is a risk that inadequate management of Vascular Access Devices could result in increased orbidity and mortality		16	Elizabeth Collins	$\leftrightarrow$	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
2471	CHUGGS	There is a risk of poor quality imaging due to age of equipment resulting in suboptimal radiotherapy treatment.	16	4	Lorraine Williams	$\leftrightarrow$	Workforce capacity and capability
2264	CHUGGS	Risk to the quality of care and safety of patients due to reduced staffing in GI medicine/Surgery and Urology at LGH and LRI	16	6	Georgina Kenney	$\leftrightarrow$	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
2819	RRCV	Risk of lack of ITU and HDU capacity will have a detrimental effect on Vascular surgery at LRI	16	12	Sarah Taylor	$\leftrightarrow$	Workforce capacity and capability
2820	RRCV	Risk that a timely VTE risk assessment is not performed on admission to CDU meaning that subsequent actions are not undertaken	16	3	Karen Jones	$\leftrightarrow$	Workforce capacity and capability
2193	ITAPS	There is a risk that the ageing theatre estate and ventilation systems could result in an unplanned loss of capacity at the LRI	16	4	Gaby Harris	$\leftrightarrow$	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
2955	CSI	If system faults attributed to EMRAD are not expediently resolved, Then we will continue to expose patient to the risk of harm	16	4	Cathy Lea	$\leftrightarrow$	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
1206	CSI	There is a risk that a backlog of unreported images in plain film chest and abdomen could result in a clinical incident	16	6	ARI	$\leftrightarrow$	Workforce capacity and capability
2378	CSI	There is a risk that Pharmacy workforce capacity could result in reduced staff presence on wards or clinics	16	8	Claire Ellwood	$\leftrightarrow$	Workforce capacity and capability
2391	W&C	There is a risk of inadequate numbers of Junior Doctors to support the clinical services within Gynaecology & Obstetrics	16	8	Ms Cornelia Wiesender	$\leftrightarrow$	Workforce capacity and capability
2153	W&C	Shortfall in the number of all qualified nurses working in the Children's Hospital.	16	8	Hilliary Killer	$\leftrightarrow$	Workforce capacity and capability
2394	Communications	No IT support for the clinical photography database (IMAN)	16	1	Simon Andrews	$\leftrightarrow$	Workforce capacity and capability
2237	Corporate Medical	There is a risk of results of outpatient diagnostic tests not being reviewed or acted upon resulting in patient harm	16	8	Angie Doshani	$\leftrightarrow$	Workforce capacity and capability
2247	Corporate Nursing	There is a risk that a significant number of RN vacancies in UHL could affect patient safety	16	12	Maria McAuley	$\leftrightarrow$	Workforce capacity and capability

Risk ID	СМС	Risk Title	Current Risk Score	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner	Risk Movement	Themes aligned with Trust Objectives
1693	Operations	There is a risk of inaccuracies in clinical coding resulting in loss of income	16	8	Shirley Priestnall	$\leftrightarrow$	IM&T services
2872	RRCV	There is a risk of bedded bariatric patients being trapped compromising fire evacuation on ward 15 at GGH	15	6	Vicky Osborne	$\leftrightarrow$	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
3005	RRCV	The current level of RN vacancies and inability to format an appropriate roster may compromise the ward to fully function	15	9	Sue Mason	NEW	Workforce capacity and capability
2837	ESM	There is a risk of delay in acting upon monitoring investigation results in patients with multiple sclerosis.	15	2	lan Lawrence	$\leftrightarrow$	Workforce capacity and capability
2989	MSK & SS	If we do not recruit into the Trauma Wards nursing vacancies, then patient safety and quality of care will be placed at risk	15	4	Nicola Grant	NEW	Workforce capacity and capability
1196	CSI	No comprehensive out of hours on call rota and PM cover for consultant Paediatric radiologists	15	2	Rona Gidlow	$\leftrightarrow$	Workforce capacity and capability
2787	CSI	Failure of medical records service delivery due to delay in electronic document and records management (EDRM) implementation	15	4	Debbie Waters	$\leftrightarrow$	Workforce capacity and capability
2965	CSI	If we do not address Windsor pharmacy storage demands, then we may compromise clinical care and breach statutory duties	15	6	Claire Ellwood	$\leftrightarrow$	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
2601	W&C	There is a risk of delay in gynaecology patient correspondence due to a backlog in typing	15	6	DMAR	$\leftrightarrow$	Workforce capacity and capability
2925	Estates & Facilities	Reduction in capital funding may lead to a failure to deliver the 2016/17 medical equipment capital replacement programme	15	10	Darryn Kerr	$\leftrightarrow$	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare
2402	Corporate Nursing	There is a risk that inappropriate decontamination practice may result in harm to patients and staff	15	3	Elizabeth Collins	$\leftrightarrow$	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare

## Appendix 3 UHL Risk Register as at 31 March 17

Risk Title Risk ID	Review Date S Opened		Risk subtype		Likelihood	Action summary  Risk GCCOTE	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
There is a risk of overcrowding due to the design and size the design and size the ED footprint & increased attendant to ED  CMG 3 - Emergency Department  Specialist Medicine (ESM)	)/05/2017 )/Apr/13 o of ce	Design and size of footprint in resus causes delay in definitive treatment, delay in obtaining critical care, risk of serious incidents, increased crowding in majors, risk to four hour target. Poorer quality care. Risk of rule 43. Lack of privacy and dignity. Increased staff stress.  Design and size of majors causes delay in definitive treatment and medical care. Poor quality care. Lack of privacy and dignity. High number of patient complaints. Risk of deterioration. Difficulty in responding to unwell patient in majors. Risk of adverse media interest. Staff stress. Risk of serious incident. Inability to meet four hour target resulting in patient safety and financial consequences. High number of incidents. Increased staff stress. Infection control risk. Risk of rule 43.  Design and size of footprint in paediatrics causes delay in being seen by clinician. Risk of deterioration. Risk of four hour target and local CQUINS. Lack of patient confidentiality. Increased violence and aggression.  Design and size of assessment bay causes delay in time to assessment. Paramedics unable to reach turnaround targets. Inability to meet CQUIN targets. Risk of patient deterioration. Delay in diagnosis and treatment. Increased staff stress. Patient complaints. Increased risk of patients being in the corridor on trolleys. Lack of dignity and privacy. Serious incident risk.	nts (Clinical/Safety)	The Emergency Care Action Team, was established in spring 2013 with aims to improve emergency flow and therefore reduce the ED crowding. This has now been changed to Emergency Quality Steering Group(EQSG) meetings.  The Emergency department is actively engaging in plans to increase the ED footprint via the emergency floor initiative, but in the shorter term to increase the capacity of assessment bay and resus.  The Resus Bed area has been created.  Increase in Clinical Education staff, to assist with upskilling of Nursing Staff.  Majors Floor has been marked out and numbered to prevent to many trolleys from blocking Majors and assessment Bay.  Improving quality of care in the ED sessions open to staff, led by ED Consultant.  Direct referrals from assessment bay and UCC to ambulatory clinic/GPAU.  CAD system went live highlighting number of ambulance patients on route to ED.  SOP's completed, including SOP's for managing assessment bay at full capacity & for supporting an escalation area when the main ED is full.  Actions in place from EQSG Emergency Floor New ED floor working stream.  Quality metric audits - completed twice a week.		Creation of SoP for resus crowding (SoP is actually 4 discreet small procedures relating to Resus, including Resus entry assessment, board rounds, escalation and Resus step down) - due 26/04/17 - Dr A Millet leading.  New build will be complete April 2017. 30/04/17  Resus board rounds, discussions, escalation to be commenced - this has been submitted for consultation with joint sisters and consultants meeting - final version due 26/04/2017  Resus step down process to be developed 26/04/2017  Launch and implementation of additional patient on ward process (SAFER placement) Red to Green in process through trust, ongoing review 30/06/17	lan Lawrence

Risk ID	Review Date  Risk Title  Opened		Controls in place	Likelihood	Action summary	Risk Owner
Corporate Nursing 2762	Ability to provide safe, appropriate and timely care to all patients attending the Emergency Department at all times.	Failure to consistently undertake and record initial assessment by appropriately trained clinical staff within 15 minutes of presentation and document in real time. Failure to consistently ensure that all patients receive adequate care and treatment in accordance with Trust sepsis clinical pathway.  Lack of ability to demonstrate we have an appropriate staffing skill mix in place on a shift by shift basis.  Lack of recording of induction for temporary staff.  Consequences Significant risk of patient harm Conditions placed on licence to practice Risk of CQC placing the Trust in Special Measures Risk of CQC imposing unlimited financial penalties Adverse media attention affecting reputation of the Trust Breaches in Statutory duty with subsequent criminal prosecution	CEO and executive leadership with clear responsibility and oversight in place.  Programme management arrangements in place supported by trio of nursing, medical and operational leads with allocated time and objectives. This is supported by four oversight meetings per week. Internal reporting in relation to quality metrics (sepsis compliance, staffing, initial assessment within 15 mins)  Weekly reporting to CQC on required metrics in place  Sepsis Implementation of trust-wide single adult sepsis pathway supported by a programme of daily audit in ED.  Supporting action plan in place including rollout of single paediatric pathway.  Initial Assessment  Standard Operating Procedure (Initial Assessment and Dynamic Priority Scoring - version 3 December 2015) revised and implemented to ensure ED patients are prioritised appropriately.  Consistent real-time recording.  Review of patient harm associated with delayed initial assessment (>15mins) at patient level.	Almost certain Extreme	Risk is under review and to be replaced with a deteriorating patient risk assessment - currently undergoing scrutiny at Executive Team prior to being entered on the risk register - review position as at end of Feb 2017	Julie Smith

Risk Title Risk ID	Review Date 3		Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Likelihood L	Action summary  Target Risk Owner  Bisk Score
There is risk of de to planning patien to planning patien treatment due to t age of the Toshiba Aquilion CT scanr the Radiotherapy  CMIG 1 - Cancer, Haematology, Urology, Gastroenterology & Surgery (CHUGGS)	the 2015 department of the content o	pected 10 year life cycle. It is the only scanner in the	ients (Clinical/Safety)	Limited arrangements for planning palliative patients only (unable to treat radical patients) Comprehensive Service Contract with Toshiba for scanner up until May 2016.	zxtreme	ikely	Contingency plan for instances of breakdown of the Toshiba scanner using another radiotherapy departments scanner - 31 Aug 17  Agreement for monthly 1/2 day physics QA sessions on radiology scanner during periods of Toshiba breakdown to ensure continued compability between scanner and planning system - 31 Aug 17  Purchase of compatible couch top for use with CT scanners - 31 Aug 17  Service level agreement with radiology for scanner capacity for radiotherpay patients in the case of long term breakdown of scanner - 31 Aug 17  Contingency plan for instances of breakdown of the Toshiba scanner using radiology scanner - 31 Aug 17  Awaiting formal business case for the propsoed replacemnent - 31 Dec 17

CMG C	Review Date 3 Opened 2	Description of Risk	HISK SUDTYPE		Impact N	Action summary  Figure 1 Action summary  Risk Score	Risk Owner STarget Risk Score
CMG 2 - Renal. Respiratory. Cardiac & Vascular (RRCV) 2354	/May/17 //05/2014	Causes of the risk (hazard)  1.CDU originally designed to take in a 24 hour period 25-30 patients, on average it is now taking 60-70 patients/24 hr period. Despite the extension of the triage area the foot print of the unit still remains inadequate to cope with this increase number of patients. There is not the physical space to see/examine/review the number of patients that are currently presenting to CDU, particularly in the afternoon and evening.  2. The workforce on CDU (medical, nursing, therapy, admin/clerical) has increased since 2014 in accordance with the increase in the number of patients that require processing in the department, however at times the processing capacity of the staff available does not match demand.  3. Increasing risk to the compliance of CDU Quality Performance Indicators; patients being triaged within 15 minutes from arrival to CDU and seen by a Doctor within 60 minutes.  4. Due to the pressures within the Emergency Department at the LRI the level 1 diverts are enacted on occasions, compounding the overall processing power within CDU and impacting on bed capacity.  5. The out of hour's provision from support services such as pharmacy, radiology and pathology does not match the requirements of an increasing emergency take at the GH.	atients (Clinical/Safety)	Respiratory Consultant on CDU 5 days/week 0800- 20 00 hrs Respiratory Consultant on CDU at weekends and bank holidays 0800-1200 hrs and on call thereafter Cardiology Consultant assigned on CDU 5 days a week (shared rota) Cardio Respiratory Streaming flow, including referral criteria and acceptance Short stay ward adjacent to CDU Discharge Lounge utilised GH duty Manager present 24/7 Bed co-ordinator and Flow co-ordinator, providing 7 day cover CDU dash board – performance indicators UHL bed state and triage times includes CDU data Daily nurse staffing review with plan to ensure safe staffing levels on CDU EDIS operational on CDU Daily patient discharge conference calls for all wards Matron of the day - rota covers 7 day working Daily board rounds across all wards Primary Care Co-ordinators and increased community support Escalation plans Implementation of triage audit CDU Operations Meeting Monitoring of patient triage times and other quality performance indicators at monthly CDU ops meeting with appropriate representation from all staff groups		Review additional resources as part of strategic transfer of vascular services in 2016/17 - run ambulatory GP model over winter months - additional resources identified and low risk ambulatory clinic will run until March 2017 Director of reconfiguration and Nigel Bond, Head of Capital Projects to undertake visit to CDU to identify reconfiguration opportunities to improve flow of patients end March 17 - complete Nigel Bond to meet with CDU clinical leads to identify minimal reconstruction of space to improve patient flow and accommodation - complete  Winter plan presentation to be discussed at EQSG, Sarah Taylor, COMPLETE  Task group to be set up to review space and decide next steps - 31.5.17	Sue Mason

CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened		Risk subtype	Impact	Action summary  Figure 1. Bisk  Occore	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
CMG 2 - Renal. Respiratory. Cardiac & Vascular (RRCV) 2670	There is a risk to the Immunology & Allergy Services due to a Consultant Vacancy	/May/17 /May/15	Causes of the risk (hazard) Consultant Immunologist/Allergist Vacancy The post has been vacant since 22nd June 2015 and the funding for this Consultant role sits within CSI CMG (empath, Pathology). Delayed recruitment to vacant post due to failure to appoint on at least two occasions (availability of candidates with the necessary speciality expertise) - risk added 12/05/16 From July 2016, an allergy consultant will be resigning from their post and this will leave a gap in food allergy expertise - risk added 12/05/16 Nurse Staffing Resource This service is dependent on nursing support to assist with immunology therapies, skin prick and challenge tests. Band 6 vacancies have only recently been appointed and due to the speciality requirements, extended training programmes are needed to confirm competence Band 7 Nurse Specialist for Asthma Immunology & Allergy vacancy from 12th May 2016 due to a resignation - risk added 12/05/16 Patient backlog and RTT risk There is a planned waiting list with a backlog of patients who are waiting for sequential procedures e.g. skin prick and/or challenges to help support and manage their health condition. Patient backlog of New and Follow Up Patients There is a back log of New and Follow up patients referrals due to the original vacancy gap and this will continue to increase when the second allergy consultant leaves the Trust. On 12/05/2016 backlog is 638 patients	ıman Resources	Major	Appoint a 1WTE Allergy Consultant - Failed no candidates, but we appointed a trust grade medical doctor, who should commence working by the end of April 2917  Monitoring of patient backlog at Respiratory RTT meetings - sustainability meetings planned for September 17.  WLI will continue to support backlog and respiratory consultants will continue to back fill until to be reviewed in September at the sustainability meeting - Sep 17	Karen Jones

Risk ID	Specialty		Review Date	Description of Risk	HISK SUBTYPE		Impact	Likelihood	Action summary	Risk Owner Target Risk Score	
OMG 2 - Renal. Respiratory. Cardiac & Vascular (RRCV) 2886		LGH Water Treatment Plant risk of downtime, resulting from equipment failure of the water plant impacting on HD patients	/Apr/17	Causes (hazard)  1. The existing Water Treatment Plant that currently provides the LGH Haemodialysis Unit adjacent to the Haemodialysis Unit LGH site. with all of its treated water requirements for dialysis, has now exceeded its expected service life, (some parts dating back 42years) with the most recent addition dating back 20years.  2Failure of the exiting ring main RO systems  3Out-dated design without intergural disinfection capabilities  RISK TO PATIENTS  •There is a risk that downtime resulting from equipment failure of the water plant impacts directly on the clinical treatment offered to all haemodialysis patients receiving dialysis therapy at the LGH Renal Unit. This may result in patients having to travel to other units.  •Risk from both long and short term complication to patients due to unacceptable bacterial contamination of water that supplies the Haemodialysis unit.  •Emergency business continuity plans would need to be activated this would have an associated impact on other support services transport, community services etc).  •Risk of a rise in clinical incident, complaints, litigation ( staff stress, patient injury and clinical negligence)  •Risk of reduced public confidence and subsequent media attention.	t	Discussion to be reached on the future model for LGH Haemodialysis Unit  1. Capital Purchase). Initial £200K Capital purchase and annual maintenance costs of approximately £10K per annum. To replace the ring main and complete water treatment system.  LGH technical team will potentially organise internally to undertake weekly chemical disinfections—UHL Infection informed.  Discontinue HDF therapy  Samples for Endotoxin testing will continue on a weekly bases.  Non-payment of invoices in January 17 has resulted in no chemical disinfect being undertaken by Veola in February 17. This will have an affect on the type of treatment provided to some patients.	Extreme	Likely	S Replacement options paper to be compiled for submission to the Renal and CMG board before submitting to capital and investment committee - Capital Purchase - Initial £165K Capital purchase and annual maintenance costs of approximately £10K per annum. To replace the ring main and complete water treatment system. Business Case to be presented at the Capital & Investment Committee Meeting on 14.10.16 for decision. Decision made by the Capital Investment Committee to replace Water Treatment Plant. Funding to come from 17/18 capital expenditure. Weekly water sampling will continue. Scoping exercised commenced in January 17 and contract to be awared in April 17. Work should then commence on the installation of a new water treatment plant.		

CMG (Risk ID (	<	Review Date (		Risk subtype		Impact	Current Risk Score Likelihood	Action summary	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
CMG 2 - Renal. Respiratory. Cardiac & Vascular (RRCV) 2931	System on CCU failing	04/2017 May/16	Causes (hazard) Cardiac Monitoring system failure due to age, obsolescence, replacement parts not available, no GE service contract/support. System includes bedside, central, telemetry. Vital signs inc O2 sats, Bp, Pacemaker checks. 12 lead ECG's. Event history ie. Arrhythmia review  Consequence (harm / loss event) 19 bedded, direct admitting CCU would not be able to safely admit critically unwell, unstable people through EMAS with, STEMI, nSTEMI, OoHCA, Arrhythmias etc Critically ill patients could not be safely transferred internally post Cardiac Arrest, TAVI, IABP insertion post procedure, ITU transfers, transfers from other sites, E/D, other trusts LLNR would not have functioning CCU available to population of over 1 million Cardiac arrests not detected, life threatening arrhythmia not seen/treated Delayed delivery of care Out of Hospital Cardiac Arrests, could not be safely admitted to the GH site Entire GH site affected operationally inc. ITU blocking LRI E/D detrimentally affected due to increased activity/delays in transferring Reduces operational capacity of the unit to safely admit monitored patients Potential risk to wider population and the reputation of UHL as impacts on emergency bed base Cancelled procedures/surgery eg. PCI/TAVI Loss of revenue Increased expenditure as staffing levels would need to be increased	tients (Clinical/Safety)	Medical physics called for assistance and make contact with GE Matron, bleep holder and manager on call informed Nursing Rounds Escalated Nurses to be based at bedside/bay Escalation policy via duty manager to senior team Doctors based on CCU to review all patients Ensure capacity is available on the other clinical areas which have functioning central monitoring If bedside monitors available then parameter alarms set to max audible Patient review by cardiologist Datix completed by NiC Patients prioritised and moved to available ward beds or more visible beds Bleep holder/Matron/Senior team to assess numbers of staff across RRCV and acuity, monitored patients and potentially reallocate staff Identify through senior team/shift co's/Medical team/med physics and reallocate stand-alone bedside systems to most appropriate patients Escalated to Director/Gold command Business case submitted to Medical Equipment replacement board and to capital investment committee in September 2016.	Extreme	(ely	Replace obsolete monitoring system in its entirety including service contract - implementation plan being developed to install in April 17 - 30.4.17	Judy Gilmore

CMG CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date 3	Description of Risk	nisk subtype		Impact	Likelihood	Action summary  Risk Score	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
2MG 3 - Emergency & Specialist Medicine (ESM)	Outlying Medical Patients into other CMG beds due to insufficient ESM inpatient bed capacity	/04/2017 /Jun/16	There is a risk that if ongoing pressures in medical admissions continue that the Emergency and Specialist Medicine CMG medicine bed base will be insufficient resulting in the need to out lie into other speciality/CMG beds jeopardizing delivery of the RTT targets and affecting quality and safety of patient care.  There is a requirement to outlie medical patients because of:  08% increase in medical admissions and current insufficient medical bed capacity oDischarge processes not as efficient as they should be internally impacting patient flow and patients waiting in ED for admission oContinued delayed transfers of care oOn-going risks and potential harm to patients as a consequence of overcrowding in ED oOOH teams have to make decisions to use all available capacity to cope with pressures in ED  The ability to open extra beds within the CMG is compounded by:  0>100 Nursing vacancies 03 Geriatrician vacancies 04 High patient acuity 04 High inflow of patients being admitted 0No available bed capacity on the LRI site	C	Review of capacity requirements throughout the day 4 X daily. Issues escalated at Gold command meetings and outlying plans executed as necessary taking into account impact on elective activity. Opportunities to use community capacity (beds and community services) promoted at site meetings. Daily board rounds and conference calls to confirm and challenge requirements for patients who have met criteria for discharge and where there are delays ICS/ICRS in reach in place. PCC roles fully embedded. Discharges before 11am and 1pm monitored weekly supported by review of weekly ward based metrics. Ward based discharge group working to implement new ways of delivering safe and early discharge. Explicit criteria for outlying in place supported by recent clarification from Assistant HON. Review of complaints and incidents data. Safety rota developed to ensure there is an identified consultant to review outliers on non-medical wards. Access to community resources to enable patients to be discharged in a timely manner. CMG to access and act on additional corporate support to focus on discharge processes. Matron for discharge appointed to provide consistent care for patients needing to be outlied.	S dd	Almost certain	New Red to Green initiative being rolled December to March to reduce delays feedback due after this period. 30 April 2017	Susan Burton 12

CMG (All Parks II)	Review Date	Description of Risk	HISK Subtype		Impact	Likelihood /	Action summary	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
CMG 3 - Emergency & Specialist Medicine (ESM) 2149	/04/2017 /04/2017	Many clinical areas are currently experiencing low levels of staffing to manage effectively the current numbers of patients. Often the nurse to bed ratio falls below that identified as the funded establishment, and therefore the required level of staffing to appropriately meet patient need. In addition within most of the clinical areas there is high bank and agency use further increasing the risk to the quality of care delivered. In addition we are required to staff the old TIA clinic and look after ambulance patients in ED corridors and provide support to outlying patients which further depletes numbers and nursing skills.  Causes - "Large Number Vacant Nursing posts, "Lack of appropriately trained nursing staff to manage specialised patients, "Poor Agency and bank fill rates,"  High level of maternity leave/sick leave,"  Outlying of patients,"  TIA Clinic,  Ambulance cohorting in the corridor protocol.  Consequences - "Delays with Patient care, "Patient medications not being completed in a timely manner,"  Patient buzzers not being answered in a timely manner,  "Patient safety compromised, "Increased risk of patient pressure ulcer formation, "Increased risk of patient falls, "Increased risk of incidents due to lack of familiarity with treatment regimes, "Inability to deliver quality care to different patient groups,  "Decreased patient satisfaction/ quality of care, "Delays in treatment and appropriate referral, "Increase in complaints, "Increase in incident reporting	tients (Clinical/Sa	"Staffing Escalation policy, "Staffing Bleep Holder / Matron support ,Site Manager and Duty Manager, "Incident reporting, "Complaints monitoring, "Daily Staffing Meetings," TIA rota, "Monitor staffing levels, "Monitoring recruitment and retention, "Monitoring sickness levels, "Provision of nursing support from other base wards, "Support from the Outreach Team, "Support from Education & Development Team, "Support from Matrons and Deputy/ Head of Nursing, Moving staff between clinical areas as a means to balance risk. Agency and bank as a means to increase nursing numbers- agreed contracts to block book allowing temporary staff to get use to environment and standards within the workplace. A 'job card' designed to ensure temporary staff understand the expectation of their shift and high quality of clinical management required.  Orientation to each of the clinical areas for agency/bank staff -(green book compliance).  Clinical matron/senior nurse available daily to ensure clinical risk is mitigated and managed.  Bed management meeting at 8.00, 12.00 16.00 and 18.00 to review bed demands and staffing issues across the Trust. Forum agrees the strategic plan for the 24/7 with on-call director and Senior on a daily basis. Active recruitment strategies to reduce vacancies.  Matron visibility on wards Monday to Friday 8 - 8pm and 8 - 4pm at weekends.		Almost certain	Enhanced rate of pay now in place for 3 months period and due for ongoing regular reviews. New staff to be appointed from Philippines and India.	Susan Burton 6

CMG Risk ID		Review Date Opened		risk subtype		Impact	Current Risk Score Likelihood	Action summary	Risk Owner Target Risk Score	
Miaestriesia 2MG 4 - Intensive Care, Theatres, Anaesthesia, Pain Management & Sleep (ITAPS) 2333	Lack of Paediatric cardiac anesthetists to maintain a WTD compliant rota leading to interruptions in service provision	05/20 04/20	Causes: Retirement of previous consultants III health of consultant Lack of applicants to replace substantively Following NHS England announcement that Paeds Cardiac will close one consultant has resigned leaving the sustainability of the service until closure in April 17 in doubt Consequences: Need for remaining paeds anaesthetists to work a 1:2 rota on-call Lack of resilience puts cardiac workload at risk May adversely affect the national reputation of GGH as a centre of excellence Current rota non complaint Working Time Directive (WTD) Patients requiring urgent paeds surgery may be at risk of having to be transferred to other centres Income stream relating to paeds cardiac surgery may be subsequently affected Risk of suboptimal patient treatment resulting in harm.		1.2 rota covered by experience colleagues 12 month locum appointed Fellow appointed in July 2016 (however following announcement by NHS England one consultant has resigned leaving ability to appoint a suitable locum and sustainability of business model in doubt).		most certain	**Although all actions are completed ITAPS wish this risk to remain open in particular because following NHS England announcement that Paeds Cardiac will close one consultant has resigned leaving the sustainability of the service until closure in April 17 in doubt.** Pead Consultant interviews and of February to hopefully result in post being appointed 2 as experienced candidate applied.	Chris Allsager 8	

CMG Risk ID		Review Date Opened		HISK SUDTYPE		Impact	Likelihood	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Pial: Owner
	deterioration due to the cancellation of elective	)/04/2017 //01/2016	Causes: Lack of capacity (beds) within ICU cross-site. Lack of base ward bed for ICU patients to be discharged. Lack of nursing staff to manage ICU patients. Delays with discharging ICU patients to Wards.  Consequences: Deterioration in condition with the potential for patients to become too unwell to have surgery when re-booked or worse case scenario patient dies waiting for surgery. Impacts to quality of service through failure to meet treatment targets. Also, potential for increase in complaints from patients/family.  Breach in contract. Reputation amongst other CMGs as an inability to provide a service. Potential to attract media interest. Potential for financial penalties due to inability to meet national targets.	itients (Clinical/Sarety)	Identify patients ready for discharge from ICU in previous 24 hours Highlight potential cancellations to consultant on call Electronic bed booking system to identify potential issues with electives Highlight to General Managers potential cancellations Regular discussions cross-site with Consultants to balance the elective lists. Moving staff from between sites to maximise ITU capacity on all. Reviewing booking into ICU daily and for the week ahead to identify any risks or special requirements. Monitoring of cancellation rates on a monthly/ weekly basis including cancer cases. Identification of discharges for next day the night before to allow ring-fencing of beds on wards where possible.	ame	20 Likely	Risk paper discussed the key elements of opening Annex at LRI for a trial and was rejected by ITAPS Anaesthetics leads due to increased risk to UHL. SD development to support ITU1 Registrar rota and further recruitment to ITU2 rota with a view to support annex capacity. Four of the 7 required for SD rota have been offered however two at risk due to more attractive relocation packages at other Trust - recruitment to middle grade rota is the focus in order to open Annex safely - review 30/4/17 Increase additional capacity (6 beds at LRI). Not agreed by board.		Chris Allsager

CMG Risk ID	P Risk Title	Review Date Opened		HISK SUBTYPE		IIIDact	Likelihood	Action summary	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
CMG 5 - Musculoskeletal & Specialist Surgery (MSK & SS) 2990	delayed outpatient corrospondance to	/May/ //Feb/:	Causes: Issues with Dict8 invoices not being paid by Trust Accounts resulting in the suspension of out sourcing services from November 2016 creating a large backlog  Due to suspension of outsourcing current staff establishment not able to deliver typing demand.  Delay in replacing Dict8 with Dictate IT due to IM&T capacity to support roll out.  Consequences: Delayed letter to GP/Patient regarding changes in medication and care plans following clinic attendance resulting in incorrect strength medication being dispensed, length of treatment being extended and DNA/missed appointment not communicated.  Delay in referring on to other Departments/Clinical Teams regarding further management required.  Increased stress on admin team due to concern over increasing backlog now at approximately 8000 letters with longest letter December 2016.  Increased staff sickness  Increased number of complaints  Reduced patient experience  Increased costs for overtime and bank staff to support typing.	U	Admin Team have 3 hours a day minimum protected typing time.  Bank staff and overtime provided by team weekly Dictate IT - commenced on 20.02.17 plan is for all letters generated from 20.02.17 to be outsourced while admin team catch up with backlog approx. recovery will take 6 weeks to clear back log. After backlog clear percentage of typing will remain outsourced to ensure backlog is not created again.	'd Walor	Almost certain	Overtime and Bank staff to assist typing letter backlog ongoing - 31 May 17  Admin team to type 8,000 letter backlog until clear - approx. 6 weeks to deliver - 31 May 17	Clare Rose

CMG Risk ID		Date	Description of Risk	HISK Subtype	Controls in place		Likelihood		Risk Owner Target Risk Score
Obrimalmology CMG 5 - Musculoskeletal & Specialist Surgery (MSK & SS) 2191	the ophthalmology open service is causing	04/2017	Causes: Nationally Ophthalmology services have severe capacity constraints. Lack of capacity within our services due to: Lack of Consultant work force Junior Doctor decision makers resulting in increased follow- ups. The current infrastructure is not fit for purpose Follow-ups not protocol led. Consultant annual leave booking adhoc Clinic cancellation process unclear, inadequate communication and escalation. Overbooking of Clinics that are not deliverable as per the template and medical availability  Consequences: Backlog of outpatients to be seen, which continues to grow. Risk of high risk patients not being seen/delayed. Poor patient outcomes. Increased complaints and potential for litigation, including SUl's that evidence harm. Reputation damaged PPI compromised Low morale of the whole work force Increased scrutiny from the CQC and CCG's	tients (Clinical/Safety)	Outpatient efficiency work ongoing. Further education and information to admin team regarding booking outpatient booking process No further overbooking of clinics all patients to be added to the outpatient waiting listened reviwed weekly by the GM and HOOP. Full recovery plan for improvements to Ophthalmology service are in place. EED Breaches monitored daily via text.	Major	Abiost certain	Post Code Analysis for LTFU adn RTT Incompletes for transfer to Alliance - 1 Apr 17	Clare Rose

Risk ID	Specialty CMG	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	nisk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Risk Owner Target Risk Score  Current Risk Score
367	athology - MG 6 - Cli	A risk to staff health and not meeting regulatory requirements due to cracks in LRI Mortuary Floor	<u> </u>	Synopsis of Cause: Approximately ten years ago LRI Mortuary received a major refurbishment, this included renewal of floor surfaces in the Post-mortem and Fridge Room. The non-slip, non-porous, chemical and biological resistant floors had a life span estimated to be ten years. Over the past ten years micro-cracks have formed across floor surfaces.  Both the Fridge and PM room floors have pronounced gradients to open gullies to assist drainage. Imperfections in the floors from non-critical structural settlement of the building have left areas where fluid has pooled and is unable to drain; these areas have the increased occurrence of cracks that have progressively expanded and led to lifting of the floor. These can be more than a centimetre in width and five to ten centimetres in length and now permanently harbour fluid and other debris. The condition of LRI Post-mortem room floor has, and continues to deteriorate at a significant rate. External contractors have assessed the floor and have confirmed that no external factors have caused the deterioration that is in keeping with a floor that has surpassed its life expectancy. Chemical, Biological and Radiological Hazards:	rits (Cliffical/Salety)	Staff aware of potential hazards, shared at huddles. The Post-mortem room floor has the larger cracks, areas of lifting and contamination is clearly marked as a high risk area, Mortuary staff are trained in the prevention and control of infection and supervisor visitors within that area.  Cracks in the PM room are predominantly above former gullies on the periphery of the room and around drainage areas which have benching preventing access by hoists and foot fall of individuals, thus preventing slips, trips and falls. Those entering the post-mortem room where the greatest risk of infection occurs, wear full PPE and are supervised / trained in the control of biological and chemical hazards.  MR has sought advice on temporary solutions from Dave Finch, Facilities LRI and he has confirmed there are no suitable short to medium term solutions. Update Nov 2016:  Plans of Mortuary interior arranged by Facilities with options for flooring.	Almost certain Major	Investigate UHL funding options;Creation and approval of business case: 15/06/2017;Review contingency plan for service whilst work is performed; Completion of replacement floor 15/09/2017.  10.03.2017: D.C & C.W reviewed risk: Draft report from HTA received (awaiting final report).A major finding issued against the state of the Mortuary floor LRI and to refer to HSE.AMG has informed UHL Medical Director. An increase in risk under Statutory to 20 (x4 Consequence x 5 Likelihood) Actions the same and have been extended.

CMG	Risk Title Opening Control of Con	Description of Risk  Causes of the risk :	Risk subtype	Controls in place  Weekly staff communications briefings.	Impact	Likelihood	Action summary  Control of the contr	Risk Owner Target Risk Score 8
		Outcome of NHS England assessment of Congenital Heart Disease Services against the new standards and their intentions to cease commissioning children's heart surgery in the East Midlands (EMCHC).  Consequences of the risk (harm / loss event): Many Children and families within the East Midlands will have to travel further to their nearest paediatric cardiac surgical centre during the most stressful episode of their care. This is particularly difficult when mothers have just given birth and the baby's condition is complex.  12 Paediatric Intensive Care Unit (PICU) beds at Glenfield Hospital will be lost.  The loss of a specialist PICU will mean that the children's intensive care will cease to be as attractive a place for our clinical teams to work; we are at risk of losing existing staff and find it harder to attract new staff.  The above scenario poses the risk of not being able to sustain a children's intensive care service in Leicester with a subsequent domino effect on other specialist paediatric services including children's general surgery, ear nose and throat surgery, metabolic medicine, fetal and respiratory medicine (for long term ventilated children), children's cancer and the neonatal units.  Neighbouring hospitals currently supported by the specialist teams in Leicester are at risk of no longer be able to look for support for their more complex patients from within the East Midlands. These include hospitals in Burton, Coventry Kettering, Northampton and Peterborough.	nonomic/Property loss	Regular staff 'open' meetings to provide opportunity for concerns to be raised.  Dedicated EMCHC project manager recruited.  Dedicated project campaign resourced.  Data manager employed to monitor EMCHC KPIs and performance.  Legal advice instructed (Sharing the same legal team with Brompton Hospital).  Opening additional ward capacity to meet the commissioning cardiac standards.  UHL performance recognised by the Care Quality Commission who, in their initial feedback letter following their inspection in June 2016, reported: "We noted the excellent clinical outcomes for children following cardiac surgery at Glenfield Hospital.  EMCHC website developed  High priority activity strategy to meet the standard of 375 cases per year  Trust Board led challenge to reject the NHSE decision by way of a signed letter by the CEO (05/07/16).  NHS England visit to Leicester  QC to brief the legal options to the TB in Oct 2016 Expansion of Ward 30 to open an extra 7 beds Liaising with East Midlands MP's	xtreme	ikely	chaincation what clinical support is needed to ensure referrals from Network hospitals, clinics, SLA's etc due 30/04/2017 Obtaining letters of support from key network hospitals needed to achieve growth plan due 30/04/2017 Significant data analysis and production of robust growth plan to submit to NHSE due 30/04/2017 Support session established to aid stakeholders and staff complete consultation questions due 31/05/2017 Attendance at and provision of information for HOSC meetings across network due 30/04/2017 MP strategy - provision of key information and updates to East Midlands MPs to aid support and for them to complete consultation responses due 31/05/2017 Full and robust response from UHL Trust to consultation questions - to be approved through Trust Governance process from May onwards , with final approval at Trust Board on 2nd June due 31/05/2017 Strategy to mitigate against potential loss of key surgical personnel to be approved due 30/04/2017 Support for Locum surgical consultant to submit and meet GMC specialist registration due 30/06/2017 Ensure project to relocate EMCHC to Children's Hospital stays within capital budget allocation due 30/04/2019	

CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	HISK SUDTYPE		Impact	Target Risk Score  Action summary  Action summary  Current Risk Score  Likelihood	Risk Owner
Corporate Nursing 2403	There is a risk changes in the organisational structure will adversely arfect water management arrangements in UHL	/06/2017 /08/2014	Causes National guidance from the Health and Safety Executive advise that water management should fall under the auspices of hospital infection Prevention (IP) teams. Lack of clarity in UHL water management policy/plan since the award of the Facilities Management contract to Interserve and the previous assurance structure for water management has been removed had meant that a suitable replacement has not yet been implemented. As of May 2016 Interserve no longer provide Facilities Management Services for UHL. The systems and process for water management are being reviewed. This review is expected to be complete by February 2017 Consequences Resources not identified at local (i.e. ward/ CMG) or corporate (e.g. Interserve /IPC) level to perform flushing of water outlets leading to infection risks, including legionella pneumophila and pseudomonas aeruginosa to patients, staff and visitors from contaminated water. Non-compliance with national standards and breeches in statutory duty including financial penalty and/or prosecution of the Chief Executive by the HSE Adverse publicity and damage to reputation of the Trust and loss of public confidence Loss/interruption to service due to water contamination Potential for increase in complaints and litigation	Jality	Instruction re: the flushing of infrequently used outlets is incorporated into the Mandatory Infection Prevention training package for all clinical staff. Infection Prevention inbox receives all positive water microbiological test results and an IPN daily reviews this inbox and informs affected areas. This is to communicate/enable affected wards/depts to ensure Interserve is taking necessary corrective actions. Flushing of infrequently used outlets is part of the Interserve contract with UHL and this should be immediately reviewed to ensure this is being delivered by Interserve All Heads of Nursing have been advised through the Nursing Executive Team and via the widely communicated National Trust Development Action Plan (following their IP inspection visit in Dec 2013) that they must ensure that their wards and depts are keeping records of all flushing undertaken and this must be widely communicated Monitoring of flushing records has been incorporated into the CMG Infection Prevention Toolkit ( reviewed monthly) and the Ward Review Tool (reviewed quarterly). Senior Infection Prevention Nurse working with Facilities.		Revised Water Management Policy and Water Safety Plan approved by the Trust Infection Prevention Committee. Implementation programme to be confirmed by Facilities colleagues - 30/06/17 it is anticipated that the further mitigation (implementation of a plan) will enable the risk to be reduced by the end of Q1 2017/18 - Liz Collins.	Elizabeth Collins

Risk ID	Specialty		Review Date Opened		subtype	Risk subtype		Likelihood Impact	Risk Owner Target Risk Score  Current Risk Score
Corporate Nursing 2404	fection preventi	inadequate management of	/06/2017 /08/2014	Causes: There is currently no process for identifying patients with a centrally placed vascular access (CVAD) device within the trust. Lack of compliance with evidence based care bundles identified in areas where staff are not experienced in the management of CVAD's. There are no processes in place to assess staff competency during insertion and ongoing care of vascular access devices. Inconsistent compliance with existing policies.  Consequences: Increased morbidity, mortality, length of stay, cost of additional treatment non-compliance with epic-3 guidelines 2014, non-compliance with criteria 1, 6 and 9 of the Health and Social Care Act 2010 and non-compliance with UHL policy B13/2010 revised Sept 2013, and UHL Guideline B33/2010 2010, non-compliance with MRSA action plan report on outcomes of root cause analyses submitted to commissioners twice yearly	Quality	uality	PUHL Policies are in place to minimise the risk to patients that staff are required to adhere too.  A revised data report is being produced for the January 2017 Trust Infection Prevention Assurance Committee that will provide greater transparency with regard to audit results and allow Clinical Management Group boards and Senior staff the insight into areas that require actions to address poor performance	Almost certain Maior	Development of an education programme relating to on-going care of CVAD's - 30/06/17.  Targeted surveillance in areas where low compliance identified via trust CVC audit - Yet to be established due to lack of staff required. For further review by the Vascular Access Committee - 30/06/17.  Develop the recommendations of the Vascular Access Committee action plans to increase the Vascular Access Team within the Trust in line with other organisations. Business Case to be submitted within the organisation by the CSI CMG with support from the Assistant Medical Director appointed by the Medical Director to oversee this objective - 30/06/17.

CMG Risk ID	Risk Title Openie		Description of Risk	HISK SUBTYPE		Impact	Likelihood	Action summary  Target Risk Score  Action Signature Risk Score
CMG 1 - Cancer, Haematology, Urology, Gastroenterology & Surgery (CHUGGS) 2471	quality imaging due to	04/2017	Causes: Using equipment beyond the recommended replacement age. Bosworth was 10 years old in November 2015, national guidance as well as the radiotherapy service specification recommends that LinearAccelerators are replaced after 10 years. Machines older than this are considered technically outdated, less accurate and increasingly unreliable. Manufacturer support is usually withdrawn after about 10 years with serious risk of a major breakdown which may not be repairable due to obsolescence of spare parts.  Poor quality images due to deterioration of the imaging panel make it difficult and occasionally impossible to compare planned and set-up positions using the acquired images. This could lead to a geographic miss i.e. incorrect area treated.  Unavailability of online correction capability may result in acquisition of several high dose images in order to safely correct and check patient position. These high dose images are used since the ageing technology available on this machine does not support good quality low dose kilovoltage imaging.		Increase in imaging dose (up to 10 MU) to produce a usable image. This however restricts the number of times an image may be repeated (due to dose limits). N.B imaging dose of 1MU is used on the Varian treatment machines.  Pre-selection of patients with a reduced imaging requirement are booked on Bosworth. However this list is getting fewer and fewer due to best practice and national guidelines.  We have introduced long day working on Varian machines to absorb patients that cannot be treated on Bosworth due to imaging limitations  Clear Set-Up instructions plus photographs are provided to treatment staff to aid set-up. These do not fully eliminate the risk due to variable patient stability and condition hence the need for ontreatment imaging.  Regular update meetings to check on progress of building works	Major	Likely	Beplacement of Linac - 30/4/17; Building works underway prior to installation of the new Linac all on schedule. Linac due to be delivered at the end of January 2017. Linac due to be clinical from end of April 2017 following commissioning.  NHS England's chief executive Simon Stevens, announced on 6th Dec 2016 that Leicester's Hospitals will receive a new linear accelerator (LINAC) as well as the chance to access a share of £200m of NHS England funding over two years to improve local cancer services. Leicester's Hospitals are part of the first wave of 15 NHS Trusts to benefit from a major national investment in NHS radiotherapy machines.

CMG Risk ID		Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Likelihood	Action summary  Target Risk Score
CMG 1 - Cancer. Haematology. Urology. Gastroenterology & Surgery (CHUGGS) 2264	Risk to the quality of care and safety of patients due to reduced staffing in GI medicine/Surgery and Urology at LGH and LRI	/May/17	There is a risk to the quality and safety of patients through poor staffing levels in GI medicine surgery & urology at the LGH & LRI.  Causes  Bank not filling shifts resulting in ward running below minimum safe numbers regularly.  Agency contracts for some wards but not always filled and at times nurses do not turn up.  Existing staff sickness rates increasing.  No duty manager for support during the day at LGH and there have been several occasions in the last few weeks where there has been no night duty manager.  Consequences  Difficult to release sister or deputies for non clinical duties due to pt care being priority.  Despite existing controls, some shifts manned with one RN from area and 1 borrowed from other wards or agency, leading to acute care being prioritised and other jobs being left.  Best Shot and repositioning not completed in timely fashion.  All documentation not being completed.  IV's being given late.  Patients waiting in triage and poor communication regarding progress with beds  Appraisal rate low,  Over due Datix forms		-Staffing levels checked on daily basis and staff movement from other areas decided by Matron on site/bleep holder. Head of Nursing available at weekends to advise about staffing moves.  -All shifts required out to bank and agency contract due to lack of fill from Staff bank for some areas, other wards adhoc.  -Over time offered to all staff in advance.  -Reassurance and support from Matron where possible to pick up non clinical duties and sickness management, bank requests etc	Walor	Likely	CHUGGS Participation in all international recruitment during 2016; Deputy Head of Nursing to meet with HR Shared Services on a monthly basis; Active recruitment to Assistant Practitioner posts due 31/01/17; Closed 26/Jan/2017. Participate in recruitment from Philippines and India; Pilot increased bank rates of pay on all GI, Medicine and Surgery and Urology wards at LRI and LGH CHUGGS Participation in all international recruitment during 2016 - 30 Mar 17. Completed 04/04/2017  Participate in recruitment from Philippines and India 30 Mar 17. Completed 04/04/2017.  Trainee associate nurses to be recruited as part of LLR pilot - 30 Mar 17. Completed 04/04/2017  Corporate HCA recruitment to be a priority for CHUGGS - 31 May 17  Realignment of bedbase between G22 and G20 to support reduced staffing on G22 - 30 Mar 17. Completed 04/04/2017.  Matrons to work adhoc clinical shifts to support wards with high vacancies - 31 May 17  Shifts for ward 22 at LRI/LGH, 27 LGH and SAU's on both sites going to break glass two weeks in advance- 31 May 17  First and second tier agencies to be offered long lines of work for two months in advance, including educational opportunities. 31 May 2017  CHUGGS recruitment open day for trained nurses to be planned. 31 May 2017

Risk ID	Specialty CMG	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	HISK SUBTYPE		Impact	Risk Owner Target Risk Score  Current Risk Score
819	CMG 2 - Renal. Respiratory. Cardiac & Vascular (RRCV)	/Jun/17 //04/2016	Lack of beds in ITU and HDU available to Vascular Surgery causing delays to complex, high-risk surgery at LRI.  Consequences  Mental, emotional and physical impact on patients of having their surgery cancelled at very short notice.  Clinical risk associated with rupture of the AAA.  Negative impact on RTT performance.  Loss of income if patient is transferred to another hospital.  Negative effect on the reputation/morale of the Department.  Risk of incurring financial penalties resulting from potential 28-day breaches following same-day cancellation.  Potential to hinder strategic move to secure complex, Level 1 activity from other Trusts in East Midlands (discussions with some Trusts are underway).  Waste of Consultant and Theatre Team resource.  Vascular Surgery deals with patients who have critical limb ischaemia, aneurysm disease and symptomatic carotid disease and left untreated the outcomes in these patients would be worse than patients with cancer. Patients with these diagnoses are on par with those that have cancer.  Vascular Surgery has to achieve the national AAA target which is designed to improve quality of patient care.	Jality	Highlighting of ITU bed requirement day before to Gold Meeting attendee by text via Operational Manager Book ITU bed requirement as soon as the need is identified and await confirmation No business continuity plan - patients would need to be sent to another hospital	Likely Major	Daily monitoring and escalation from Vascular Surgeons to GOLD if no ITU bed available - 31.5.17 Monthly monitoring of ITU cancellations via Operational Planning Group - 31.5.17 Monthly reporting of ITU cancellations to CMG quality and safety performance meetings (with Exec) - 31.5.17

CMG Risk ID	P Risk Title	Review Date Opened		HISK SUDTYPE		Impact	Risk Owner Target Risk Score  Action summary  Action Risk Score
MG 2 - Renal. F	risk assessment is not performed on	/May/: }/Jan/1	Causes of the risk: VTE risk assessment form not completed Lack of understanding or awareness of process to ensure VTE risk assessment form completed to the requirements of National Guidelines (http://guidance. nice.org.uk/CG92) Insufficient communication and reminders of process to relevant staff CDU Medical Clerking Proforma layout results in the VTE risk assessment being missed or delayed completion  Consequences of the risk: Potential risk of patient developing VTE, resulting in prolonged length of stay and risk to health Financial loss to the CDU unit and UHL due to VTE risk assessment form not being recorded on patient centre and any Impact on delivery of monthly VTE target of 95% for UHL Impact on quality indicators and maintaining external standards and reputation	nts (Clinical/Sarety)	Interim solution to highlight the VTE risk assessment form on the CDU Medical Clerking proforma with a bold red/white sticker. Raise awareness at Junior Doctor Local Induction training. Close monitoring of the monthly VTE target with support from VTE nurse specialist. Complete 'spot check' audit at least once a month-complete	Major	Review current CDU Medical Clerking proforma and agree changes through correct Trust procedures to ensure the VTE risk assessment form is prominent (12 months of old stock) - 1.10.16 emailed Caroline Baxter for a response - 18.11.16 - An SpR has been identified to review the CDU medical clerking proforma - alternative solution identified and VTE assessments to be potentially recorded on NERVE centre - 31.8.17

CMG (	Risk Title Open	Review Date		Risk subtype		Impact	Action summary  Action summary  Action summary  Action summary
	There is a risk that the ageing theatre estate and ventilation systems could result in an unplanned loss of capacity at the LRI	/Jun/17	Causes: The Theatre and Recovery estate and supporting plant(s) are old, unsupported from a maintenance perspective and not fit for purpose. There is recent history of unplanned loss of surgical functionality at the LRI site due to plant failure, problems with sluice plumbing and ventilation.  In addition, the poor quality of the floors, walls, doors, fittings and ceilings mean an unfit working environment from a working life, infection prevention and patient experience perspectives.  There is insufficient electricity and medical gas outlets per bed.  Aged electrical sockets resulting in actual and potential electrical faults - fire in theatres at LRI (Theatre 4) in July 2013.  There have been occasions where the cooling system has failed.  There are issues with leaking roofs in the theatre estate.  Consequences:  Periodic failure of the theatre estate (ventilation etc) so elective operating has to cease.  Risk of complete failure of the theatre estate so elective and emergency operating has to stop.  Increase risk of patient infections.  Poor staff morale working in an aged and difficult working environment.  Difficulty in recruiting and retaining specialised staff (theatre and anaesthetic) due to poor working environment.	Jality	Regular contact with plant manufacturers to ensure any possible maintenance is carried out. Use of limited charitable funds available to purchase improvements such as new staff room chairs and anaesthetic stools - improve staff morale. TAA building work completed. Recovery area rebuild completed. Compliance with all IP&C recommendations where estate allows. Purchase of new disposable curtains for recovery area, reducing infection risk and improving look of environment. A minor refurbishment programme has taken place which included replacement of doors and seals and repair or replacement of balancing flaps - this has had a minor beneficial effect on the performance of the systems. Low air change rates in some Theatres and Anaesthetic rooms - assurance to address safety concerns to patients and staff from issues such as potential dangerous anaesthetic gases, an independent survey was conducted on a worst case basis (Theatre 16) during 2016. The report stated the following: The exposures measured in this study are not so high as to cause significant concern in relation to the Workplace Exposure Limit for nitrous oxide. On the basis of these results, it is reasonable to assert that staff exposure to nitrous oxide and the anaesthetic agents in the areas in which monitoring took place was compliant with the COSHH Regulations 2002.	Likely Major	Ventilation audit actions to be undertaken as per Trust wide working party - Staged approach - short, medium and long term actions to be monitored monthly. Some remedial works completed in LRI Theatres and some floors and doors repaired and replaced. Higher risk areas have had remedial actions to improve ventilation flow and await results. Higher risk anaesthetic room (TH 16) has been tested for nitrous oxide and volatile gases and results demonstrated no risk to patients or staff. On going works and funding to be finalised. Review progress of refurbishment of LRI theatres - 31/03/17 Further update 08/02/17 - Provisional plan once capital agreed to use Theatre 7 and place back into service Theatre 18 to enable rolling programme of maintenance for theatre ventilation works and required upgrades.

Risk ID 2	Risk Title	Opened 1	Description of Risk	HISK SUDTYPE		Impact	Action summary  Action summary  Action summary	Risk Owner (
CMG 6 - Clinical Support & Imaging (CSI) 2955	If system faults attributed to EMRAD are not expediently resolved, Then we will continue to expose patient to the risk of harm	/Ju	Causes:  Slow and unresponsive radiology reporting system.  Unavailability of reports associated with old films / scans.  Inability to hold and compare multiple images or use integral work lists.  Breast Care Services lost 50% of previous images due to integration failure between breast system (IDI) and GE PACS.  Increased system navigation steps has reduced productivity by 50% in some modalities.  Inability to use imaging sharing function across consortium.  Consequences:  Delays to the delivery of clinical diagnosis, treatment and ultimately discharged arrangements due to slow image retrieval system.  Unavailability of previous images to be viewed concurrently with recent images enhances the likelihood misdiagnosis on a daily basis.  Unable to meet PHE 5 day reporting targets (currently at 12 days) which could result in PHE ceasing UHL screening programme.  Cancellation of clinics.  UHL delivering a substandard service due to pending a resolution from developers on the reported system faults.	atients (Clinical/Satety)	Use of out sourcing in order to make up for reduced service efficiency  Conference calls with GE to ensure system faults are expediently brought to their attention for a swift resolution in order to minimise service impact.  Continued meetings with GE and IMT to obtain solutions and deadline dates to restore service efficiency.  Log of system faults recorded and monitored to ensure developers are finding resolutions in a timely manner.	Vaior	2. GE to provide breakdown of reported issues with the EMRAD system and feedback on their resolution (with timescales - although GE have stated some items they will not be able to provide timescale) - 18th Jun 17.  3. GE to upgrade eRC to version 6.05 to rectify performance issues and crashes (to resolve issues with reporting examinations) - Currently due March (GE currently updating timescales as this was originally scheduled for December) - 31 Jun 17  4. GE to resolve pulling of prior images and integration of IDI with UVWEB for loading mammography images - Ongoing and GE have not provided resolution timeframe Awaiting confirmation of dates  5. Review and resolution of system reference data processes and management of central reference data that impacts on patient care - Due to discuss with IT 18th Mar 17, no resolution date agreed 18 Jun 17	Cathy Lea

Specialty CMG Risk ID		Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype		Likelihood Impact	Action summary  Action summary  Risk Scoore	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
ross Sectional Imaging (CT/MRI) MG 6 - Clinical Support & Imaging (CSI) 06	backlog of unreported images in plain film chest and abdomen could result in a clinical incident	Jun/17 07/2009	Causes Backlog of unreported images on PAC'S (Plain Film, CT, MRI) which could lead to a major clinical risk incident and a potential for litigation and adverse media publicity. Royal College Radiologists guidelines state that all images should be reported IRMER require all images involving ionising radiation to be clinically evaluated  Consequences Risk of suboptimal treatment Potential for patient dissatisfaction / complaint Potential for litigation	(Clinical/Safety)	radiologist or specialty group House keeping done by clerical and superintendents to ensure images are visible on PACS. Outsourcing overdue reporting to medica.	<u>Likely</u> <u>Major</u>		ARI 6
narmacy MG 6 - CI 378	Pharmacy workforce capacity could result in	/May/: )/06/20	Causes: High levels of vacancies and sickness High levels of activity Training requirements for newly recruited staff  Consequences: There is a risk that arises because of pharmacy workforce capacity across multiple teams which will result in reduced staff presence on wards or clinics, as well as capacity for core functions. This will result in reduced prescription screening capacity and the ability to intervene to prevent prescribing errors and other medicines governance issues in a number of areas including some high risk.	Human Resources	extra hours being worked by part time staff, payment for weekend commitment / toil and reduction in extra commitments where possible team leaders involved in increased 'hands' on delivery staff time focused on patient care delivery ( project time, meeting attendance reduced) Prioritisation of specific delivery issues e.g. high risk areas and discharge prescriptions, chemo suite . Reduced presence at non direct patient focused activities e.g. CMG board/ Q&S and delay projects / training where possible. Revised rotas in place to provide staff/ service based on risk Recruit 8A pharmacists to replace those promoted to 8B Release band 3 staff to support onc/haem satellite	<u>(ely</u> ajor	Review methotrexate from LRI and move onto chemocare - 31/05/2017  Recruitment of band 5 and band 7 to vacancies - 30/4/2017	Claire Ellwood

CMG Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title Opened.	Review Date	Description of Risk	HISK SUBTYPE	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score Likelihood	Action summary	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
CMG 7 - Women's and Children's (W&C) 2391		There is a risk of inadequate numbers of Junior Doctors to support the clinical services within Gynaecology & Obstetrics	/06/2017	Causes: Currently there are not enough Junior Doctors on the rota to provide adequate clinical cover and service commitments within the specialties of Gynaecology & Obstetrics.  Consequences: Impact on key objectives and delivery of service. Potential to lose Junior Drs training within the CMG. Reduced training opportunities and inconsistencies in placements. On call rota gaps/ Increased requirement for locums to fill gaps. Possibility for LETB to remove training accreditation within obstetrics and gynaecology. This will lead to the removal of training posts. Potential for mismanagement / delay in patients treatment/pathway.	Patients (Clinical/Safety)	Locums used where available. Specialist Nurses being used to cover the services where possible and appropriate.  Update 17/2/16 All antenatal clinics have a Consultant Lead present Rota accomodated to address specific training needs of juniors Rota reviewed and monitored on a daily basis by Dr representative Consultants act down if required X2 wte MTI to be recruited from overseas via RCOG	Major	16 Likely	Appoint to Trust Grade Post Due 30/06/2017	Ms Cornelia Wiesender
<b>VIG</b>	aediatr	Shortfall in the number of all qualified nurses working in the Children's Hospital.	/08/2017	Causes The Children's Hospital is currently experiencing a shortfall in the number of Children's registered nurses. This is due to high numbers of vacancies and staff on maternity leave and long term sickness.  Consequences There is a short fall in the number of appropriately qualified children's nurses in the Children's Hospital which could impact on the quality of patient care.	ıman Hesources	Where possible the bed base is flexed on a daily bases to ensure we are maintaining our nurse to bed ratios There is an active campaign to recruit nurses locally, national and internationally Additional health care assistance have been employed to support the shortfall of qualified nurses. Specialise Nurses are helping to cover ward clinical shifts. Cardiac Liaison Team cover Outpatient clinics Overtime, bank & agency staff requested Head of Nursing, Lead Nurse, Matron and ECMO Cordinator cover clinical shifts Adult ICU staff cover shifts where possible Recruitment and retention premium in place to reduce turn-off of staff Part time staff being paid overtime Program in place for international nurses in the HDU and Intensive Care Environment Second Registration for Adult nurses in place		kely	Continue to recruit to remaining vacancies - due 31/08/17 Second Registration cohort to complete course - due Sep 2017	Hilliary Killer

Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype		Impact	Risk Owner Target Risk Score  Current Risk Score
Communications 2394	No IT support for the clinical photography database (IMAN)	30/Apr/17 07/Apr/14	Cause: IMAN stores the clinical photographs taken by the clinical photographers on behalf of clinical staff requesting them and form part of the patient's medical record. It contains >60,000 images of >9,000 patients since 2009. The hardware is supported by IM&T but is now out of warranty. The application software is no longer supported by its creator SEARCH Technologies (since April 2014). Consequence: If a fault were to occur with the database we cannot fix it. Clinicians would not be able to view the photographs of their patients. Patient safety will be jeopardised.	Patients (Clinical/Safety)	IM&T hardware support; IM&T Integration & Development team best endeavours to support the application software; separate backup of images on Apple server in Medical Illustration.  Project brief published Nov 2014 for new database. Funding from IM&T agreed April 2015. Functional Specification for new system published Sep 2015. IM&T project support Oct 2015. IM&T project manager appointed Nov 2015. IM&T Functional Spec complete Dec 2015. Tender prepared Feb 2016. Supplier demos held Nov 2016. Supplier chosen Dec 2016.	Major	Tender document issued July 2016. IM&T support agreed Oct 2016. Preferred supplier chosen Dec 2016. Final costs being agreed Jan-Mar 2017. Funding sought from RIC Apr-May 2017.
Corporate Medical 2237	There is a risk of results of outpatient diagnostic tests not being reviewed or acted upon resulting in patient harm	04/2017 Jul/13	Causes Outpatients use paper based requesting system and results come back on paper and electronically. Results not being reviewed acknowledged on IT results systems due to; Volume of tests. Lack of consistent agreed process. IT systems too slow and 'lock up'. Results reviewed not being acted upon due to; No consistent agreed processes for management of diagnostic test results. Actions taken not being documented in medical notes due to; Volume of work and lack of capacity in relation to medical staff. Lack of agreed consistent process. Referrals for some tests still being made on paper with no method of tracking for receipt of referral, test booked or results. Poor communication process for communicating abnormal results back to referring clinician; Abnormal pathology results- cannot always contact clinician that requested test and paper copies of results not being sent to correct clinicians or being turned off to some areas. Suspicious imaging findings- referred to MDT but not always also communicated back to clinician that referred for test. Lack of standards or meeting standards for diagnostic tests in imaging for time to test and time to report.	atients (Clinical/Safety)	Abnormal pathology results escalation process Suspicious imaging findings escalated to MDTs Trust plan to replace iCM (to include mandatory fields requiring clinicians to acknowledge results). Diagnostic testing policy approved.	Major	Awaiting ICE upgrade and implementation in outpatients - Update, Delivery date for ICE pilot roll out in TBC in near future Dr Steve Jackson and Ann Hall Project Manager will keep corporate risk management team aware - 30/04/17

CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	HISK SUDIVIDE	Controls in place	Impact	Likelihood	Action summary	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
orporate N	There is a risk that a significant number of RN vacancies in UHL could affect patient safety	100	Causes: Shortage of available Registered Nurses (RN) in Leicestershire. Nursing establishment review undertaken resulting in significant vacancies due to investment. Insufficient HRSS Capacity leading to delays in recruitment Consequences: Potential increased clinical risk in areas. Increase in occurrence of pressure damage and patient falls. Increase in patient complaints. Reduced morale of staff, affecting retention of new starters Risk to Trust reputation. Impact on Trust financial position due to premium rate staffing being utilised to maintain safety. Increased vacancies across UHL. Increased pay bill in terms of cover for establishment rotas prior to permanent appointments. HRSS capacity has not increased to coincide and support the increase in vacancies across the Trust. Delays in processing of pre employment checks due to increased recruitment activity. Delayed start dates for business critical posts. Benefits of bulk and other recruitment campaigns not being realised as effectively as anticipated and expected.	atients (Cimical/Salety)	HRSS structure review. A temporary Band 5 HRSS Team Leader appointed. A Nursing lead identified. Recruitment plan developed with fortnightly meetings to review progress. Vacancy monitoring. Bank/agency utilisation. Shift moves of staff. Ward Manager/Matron return to wards full time.	Major	Likely	We have reviewed the recruitment process for HCA, recruited 125 to commence November 28th with a further plan to over recruit. Vacancies for HCAs in December 2016 were reported as 12wte  We are not only recruiting nurses from EU, but are now going to India and the Philippines also, this recruitment has commenced, with all interviews completed, over 200wte nurses offered posts. These nurses will commence in post and impact on the vacancies from August 2017.  TRAC is being implemented across the organisation to support streamlined recruitment  Review 30/04/17	Maria McAuley

CMG Risk ID		Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype		Impact	Φ	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
Operations 1693	There is a risk of inaccuracies in clinical coding resulting in loss of income	//04/2017 //Feb/11	Causes: Casenote availability and casenote documentation. High workload (coding per person above national average). Unable to recruit enough staff to trained coder posts (band 4/5) Inaccuracies / omissions in source documentation (e.g. case notes and discharge summaries may not include comorbidities, high cost drugs may not be listed). Coding proformas/ tick lists designed (LiA scheme and previously) but not widely used. Electronic coding (Medicode Encoder) implemented February 2012 but has no support model with IM&T.  Consequences: Loss of income (PbR) £2-3 million potential (as at 31st May 2016). Non- optimisation of HRG. Loss of Trust reputation.	nonomic/Property loss	As at March 2017 - 5 Trainee Coders have completed their 21 Day Standards course. 3 of the 4 new trainees who commenced in 2015 have moved into trained Coder role (band 4). A Trainee Trainer has been appointed who is in training to become our in-house Qualified Coding Trainer - currently in apprentice Trainer phase. A further Accredited trainer has also been appointed to commence in Apr 2017. These posts are responsible for increasing clinical engagement with Coding as well as dedicated support to the new Trainees. Additional accommodation at LGH has been found and this is currently being refurbished ready for the next 4 trainees who will start in April 2017. Additional accommodation at GH is urgently needed.  An audit cycle is established. Coding backlog is being currently at approximately <7 days (5500 cases uncoded). Reduced backlog minimises inefficiencies of multiple casenote transfers.  Medicode (the Encoder interfaced to PAS) has been upgraded to the current version. An apprentice Coding runner has been employed to help with transfer of casenotes to the Coders for specific wards.  Agency Coders are being used to backfill some of our vacant posts, but we are unable to adhere to the capped agency rates. An enhanced sessional weekend rate for our own trained Coders encourages additional weekend working.	Major	Work with CMGs / ward clerks to maximise transfer of casenotes to Clinical Coding - 30/06/17  Additional accommodation required at GH site - 31/03/18  Discontinue use of Agency Coders - 31/07/17	Shirley Priestnall

CMG Risk ID		Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	HISK SUDTYPE		Impact	Likelihood	Action summary	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
CMG 2 - Renal. Respiratory. Cardiac & Vascular (RRCV) 2872	There is a risk of bedded bariatric patients being trapped compromising fire evacuation on ward 15 at GGH	/May/17 /06/2016	Causes The two final exit doors to fresh air do not have sufficient exit width in order to facilitate the movement of bedded bariatric patients. Also there is a gradient on both escape routes. There must not be excessive gradients on escape routes which would prevent the free and controlled movement of the bariatric patients on beds/trolleys/wheelchairs. The gradients on the two escape routes from the final exits to fresh air will be difficult to overcome as Ward 15 is located at lower ground floor level. If bedded bariatric patients cannot use the two final exit doors they will need to be evacuated via the lift provided which is located in the means of escape outside the Ward; however this lift does not meet the appropriate standard to be used as an evacuation or fire fighting lift.  Due to the nature of the patients (Respiratory), evacuating them directly to fresh air is not an ideal method of evacuation; the majority of the patients may also be bedded. It is important that the impact of evacuating respiratory patients directly to fresh air, taking into account all weather conditions, is assessed for suitability in regards to clinical needs.  The Ward is currently used for up to 30 Respiratory patients and can accommodate a maximum of three bariatric patients at any one time.	ilents (Clinical/Safety)	Early warning fire detection system fitted (L1). The Ward is designed as a one hour fire compartment divided into four 30 minute subcompartments; allowing a progressive horizontal phase evacuation within the Ward area. Staff awareness of the risk and staff attend annual fire safety training. Fire evacuation plans in place for the Ward to include transfer of bedded bariatric patients to chairs where possible. Personal Emergency Evacuation Plans for patients considered to be at risk (in conjunction with the UHL Fire safety officer). LFRS Western Fire Brigade aware and have this included in their action cards when attending Glenfield site.		Possible	Estates to provide quote to upgrade lift to a suitable dedicated evacuation lift to move bedded bariatric patients from the area - 31.3.17  Estates to provide quote to install a new fire escape in bay 2 - 31.12.16 - Update 18 Jan 2017 - Risk Owner has sent an email to estates and facilities requesting a progress update on the two remaining actions. Update 13.2.17 - We have received the Compliance Analyses Report from our consultants and there many areas highlighted that indicate unsuitability for hosting Bariatric Patients on this ward. The report highlights not just fire risk/evacuation concerns but also health and safety issues for staff/patients and patients. There also clinical operational issues that indicate the area unsuitable for these patients at this time according to the relevant compliance documentation.  Taking guidance from this report, to bring the Ward into a condition fit for this category of patient will require a considerable capital outlay and an exdended period of works both in and around the ward area.	Vicky Osborne 6

Specialty CMG Risk ID	Risk Title Opened Date		Risk subtype	Controls in place	Likelihood Impact	Action summary  Risk Score	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
CMG 2 - Renal, Respiratory, Cardiac & Vascular (RRCV) 3005	to format an appropriate roster may compromise the ward to fully function	Causes (hazard)  1. Current RN vacancy level is 6.19 wte, this equates to 25 % of the RN establishment. In addition there is 1.84 wte maternity leave and 0.92 WTE long term sickness = 37% 2. In experienced RN workforce in relation to thoracic speciality, 7.76 wte - 32% have less than 12 months specialty experience  3. Lack of HDU trained RNs: 58% HDU competent  Consequence (harm / loss event)  1. Delay in nursing interventions resulting in poor quality nursing care.  2. Increased potential in the incidence of patient harms.  3. Delay in recognising and escalation of the deteriorating patient post -operatively.  4. Delay in the delivery of treatment resulting in a negative/poor patient experience.  5. ITU delay transfers.	)es	Controls in place: List what processes are already in place to control the risk (Copy & paste to add rows where necessary) On-going external advertising and recruitment for band 5 vacancies, including clearing house, international recruitment and job swap. Internal rostering of existing staff to do additional hours/overtime All unfilled shifts are routinely sent to staff bank office when health roster is approved Experienced bank staff encouraged to book shifts on ward Matron undertaking skill mix revisions ie converting RN to HCA bank requests All non-essential study leave cancelled Matrons all aware of vacancy level and taking appropriate action in daily staff management Matron/Ward Sister/Nurse in charge to review off duty daily Continue to up skill current staff who have 6 months experience on the ward Consultant surgeons to pre-book an ITU bed daily in order to operate on 3 level 2 cases per list	Almost certain Moderate	Interview date/appt - 30.4.17 Matron working - 27.6.17 Review after closure of ward 23 relocation of staff - 27.6.17	Sue Mason 15

CMG Risk ID		eview Date	iption of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Likelihood Impact	Risk Score	Risk Owner
CMG 3 - Emergency & Specialist Medicine (ESM) 2837	There is a risk of delay in acting upon monitoring investigation results in patients with multiple sclerosis.	All results are sent as a pay consultant's in-tray.  There is duplication of wo same consultant more that even if a result has been redictated and filed.  The number of patients with modifying therapies (DMT significantly increased year patients.  The number of disease mincreased by 4 in the past Each of these diseases more frequency of blood test and the resulting complexity of number of tests sent in the be checked by the MS teat 1.6 WTE MS nurses) increases.	rkload as results are sent to the in once in the space of 2 months noted, acted upon, a letter ith multiple sclerosis on disease	stne	"Paper results for blood, urine tests and MRI scans are sent to consultant. "Face-to-face outpatient clinic reviews by doctors or MS nurses.	Possible Extreme	Dawn on hold until additional; MSSN Business Case has been approved by RIC. Plan to review DAWN progress due 31/03/2017	lan Lawrence

CMG (Risk ID 2		Review Date Copened		Risk subtype		Impact	Likelihood	Action summary	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
CMG 5 - Musculoskeletal & Specialist Surgery (MSK & SS) 2989	the Trauma Wards	/04/2017 /Feb/17	Currently Trauma orthopedics has a high number of unfilled qualified posts (experienced band 5 staff nurse) due to a large number of staff having left the unit, moving elsewhere within UHL & maternity leave. Whilst the CMG has been actively trying to recruit to the area with some success and waiting for start dates for Philipino and other internationally recruited nurses the shortfall we are now experiencing whilst waiting for recruits to arrive, is now reaching a point where all the Trauma msk ward areas are finding it extremely difficult to safely cover shifts within the off duty.	tients (Clinic	The wards are on electronic staff rostering and off duties is produced 6 weeks in advance; requests for temporary staffing are made 4 weeks in advance when possible.  All shifts required are escalated to bank and agency and over time is offered to all staff in advance. We have put out agency long line requests.  Staffing levels are checked on a daily basis by the bed co-ordinator and matron. staff are moved between the areas to try & maintainsafety & service.  Staff are moved from other areas if / when possible when escalated to Matron / head (or assistant head) of nursing / duty manager.  New staff to the area attend the relevant study days in order to gain the relevant skills to look after the patients.  Matron spends time on wards & with the acting band 7 & 6 to develop their skills and knowledge.  Exploring the possibility of staff moving from other areas within the CMG (on a daily basis) where possible & potentially needing to close more beds.	me	To saible	All band 5 and Band 2 vacancies to be placed on job swap monthly - 30 Apr 17 Band 5 and Band 2 vacancies to be declared for the monthly Trust recruitment (international/ national / clearing house) 30 Apr 17 Further Trauma bespoke advert if required - 30 Apr 17 Matron / senior nurse on site to review staffing and beds on a daily basis, if unable to achieve minimum staffing levels to escalation to head of nursing for consideration of further bed closures to reflect the staffing available - 30 Apr 17	Nicola Grant 4

Risk ID	Specialty	Review Date Opened		Risk subtype	Controls in place	Likelihood	Action summary Ourrent Risk Scoore	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
1196		/Jun/17 /06/2009	Causes: There are Consultant Radiologists on call however there are not sufficient numbers to provide an on call service. Registrars are available but they have variable experience. Lack of cover for PM work  Consequences: Delays for patients requiring Paediatric radiological investigations. Sub-optimal treatment. Paediatric patients may have to be sent outside Leicester for treatment. Potential for patient dissatisfaction / complaints. Consultants are called in when they are not officially on call and they take lieu time back for this, resulting in loss of expertise during the normal working day. Delays in reports for Pathology and Coroner	Clinical/Safety)	To provide as much cover as possible within the working time directive. Registrars cover within the capability of their training period. Other Radiologists assist where practical however have limited experience and are unable to give interventional support. Locums are used when available.	Almost certain	ssues around Locum Payments 30/Aug/2017	Rona Gidlow 2

CMG Risk ID	Risk Title Opensor	Description of Risk	Controls in place	Likelihood	Action summary  Target Risk Somer
	Failure of medical records service delivery 20 to delay in and records management (EDRM) implementation	Causes: Insufficient staffing to manage current levels of activity. Since 2013 all vacancies have been filled with fixed term contracts due to EDRM project. Paediatric EDRM rollout with failure of UHL staff to follow correct new business change processes - has not resulted in the expected reduction in activity. Delay in Adult EDRM rollout.  Consequences: large-scale cancellation of requests, late availability of cas notes and subsequent impact to patients including cancellation of procedures and appointments. Insufficient staffing to support the Access to Health record service leading to breaches of statutory compliance to government targets in relation to access requests. Also breeches or internal and external timescale for litigation and inquest cases which could result in financial penalties Insufficient staffing leading to non-compliance with health safety requirements due to overcrowded library storage areas. Also this increases the potential for increased staff long-term sickness due to musculoskeletal injuries as a result of working environment. increase in complaints about the service.	under pressure.  Cancellation of non-clinical requests for case notes daily (e.g. audit) to minimise disruption to front line clinical need (though with clear consequent impact on other areas of service delivery).  On going urgent recruitment to existing vacancies. A waiting list of suitable applicants has been created to minimise the risk of the current staffing levels reoccurring in the future. Medical records management supporting HRSS by chasing references and other checks.  Daily review of staffing levels and management of requests with concentration of staffing in areas of	Ore 15 Almost certain Moderate	- Exec team approved additional staffing to support pause in paediatric EDRM - interviews in July 16, awaiting start dates for new starters, waiting list exhausted back out to interview 13/9/16 - 30/11/16 - new starters now coming in during December and January 2017 - 9 new starters Jan/Feb 2017 so small recruitment gap now - Weekly monitoring of patients TCI cancelled due to notes availability undertaken by med recs management, reported and discussed with each CMG to aid learning with monthly report to CSI exec as part of assurance process - 30/04/17 EDRM for paeditrics given go ahead Feb 2017 - awaiting update and timeline from IM&T - DW to chase - 31/03/17

CMG C Risk ID 2		Review Date 3	Description of Risk  Causes:	HISK SUDTYPE	Controls in place  Reduction/removal of non-pharmaceutical products	Impact	Likelihood	Action summary  Complete Phase 2 of aseptic unit/pharmacy stores	Risk Owner Target Risk Score 6
	Windsor pharmacy storage demands, then we may compromise clinical care and breach statutory duties	/May/17	Insufficient floor space within Windsor pharmacy - unable to adequately provide secure storage to meet pharmaceutical demands for the LRI site. There are acute issues with accommodating new treatments or changes to medications that require an increase in storage demands.	atients (Clinical/Safety)	to other areas.	loderate	lost certain	redevelopment as per existing business case and 17/18 capital plan - March 2018 Review fridge capacity and where necessary purchase additional fridges once space available through redevelopment (identified within 17/18 plans) - March 2018 Review stockholding-pilot of managed stockholding reduction - complete Identify additional stockholding area external to pharmacy (SUP request submitted and response awaited) Identify items that can be stored out of dep and/or on an alternative site to release capacity - May2017 Implement identified plans to maximise fridge capacity to temporarily mitigate -scope opportunities for further fridges within current space and temporarily use of fridges designated for clinical trials use - May 2017	ot

CMG Risk ID	Sport Risk Title Openned.	Description of Risk	Controls in place	Likelihood Impact	Ourrent Risk Score	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
CMG 7 - Women's and Children's (W&C) 2601	There is a risk of delay in gynaecology patient correspondence due to a backlog in typing	Causes: An increase in the number of referrals to gynaecology services.  1.0 wte vacancy of an audio typist. Bank and Agency staff being used to reduce typing backlog are not consistent especially during holiday periods. In addition delays can occur due to Consultants working cross-site and not accessing results promptly in order for the letters to be completed.  Consequences: Delay in timely appointment letters to patients Delay in patients receiving results Delay in patients receiving follow up appointments Breach in the Trust standard for typing and sending out of patients letters (48 hours maximum time from date of dictation)	2 week wait clinics or any letters highlighted on Windscribe in red are typed as urgent. Weekly admin management meeting standing agenda item: typing backlog by site also by Colposcopy and general gynaecology. Using Bank & Agency Staff. Protected typing for a limited number of staff.	Almost certain Moderate	Clearance of backlog of letters - due 31/7/2017	DMAR 6
Estates & Facilities  2925	Reduction in capital funding may lead to a failure to deliver the 2016/17 medical equipment capital replacement programme	Causes Reduction in capital funding due to the requirement to deliver the UHL deficit control total for 2016/17  Consequences Failure to replace all capital medical equipment items previously agreed for the 2016/17 plan Increased risk of patient harm if equipment becomes unsafe Delays to treatment and potential adverse impact on RTT targets/ waiting times Unanticipated expenditure due to increased frequency of equipment breakdown or requirement for urgent replacement if beyond economic repair Equipment becomes technologically inadequate Risk of adverse media attention and loss of reputation	Emergency contingency funds are maintained by the Medical equipment executive (MEE) - but funding is limited Supplier maintenance contracts are in place for key equipment some of them including the facility for emergency loan for breakdowns Medical physics also maintain some items of medical equipment not on contract	Possible Extreme	Agree Capital funding for 2016/17 - 31/12/16 Prioritise emergency bids and rolling replacement plans 31/3/17	Darryn Kerr 10

CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	RISK Subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Risk Owner Target Risk Score  Action summary  Current Risk Score
Inflection Dievermon Corporate Nursing 2402	There is a risk that inappropriate decontamination practice may result in harm to patients and staff		Causes: Endoscope Washer Disinfector (EWD) reprocessing is undertaken in multiple locations within UHL other than the Endoscopy Units. These areas do not meet current guidelines with regard to a Environment b.Managerial oversight c.Education and Training of staff There is decontamination of Trans Vaginal probes being undertaken within the Women's CMG and Imaging CMG according to historical practice, that is no longer considered adequate.  Bench top sterilisers within Theatres continue to be used. The use of these sterilisers is monitored by an AED. Purchase of Equipment is not always discussed with the Decontamination Committee.  Consequences: Lack of oversight of Decontamination practice across the Trust Equipment purchased may not be capable of adequate decontamination if not approved by Infection Prevention Current Endoscope Washer Disinfectors (EWD) reprocessing locations (other than endoscopy units) are unsatisfactory.  All of the above having the potential for inadequately decontaminated equipment to be used Patient harm due to increased risk of infection Risk to staff health either by infection or chemical exposure Reputational damage to the organisation Financial penalty Risk of litigation  Additional cost to the organisation when further equipment must be purchased	atients (Clinical/Safety)	Surgical instrument decontamination outsourced to third party provider. Joint management board and operational group oversee this contract.  The endoscopy units undergo Joint Advisory Group on GI endoscopy (JAG) accreditation. This is an external review that includes compliance with decontamination standards.  Current policy in place for decontamination of equipment at ward level. Equipment cleanliness at ward level is audited as part of monthly environmental audits and an annual Trust wide audit is carried out.  Benchtop sterilisers are serviced by a third party Endoscope washer disinfectors are serviced as part of a maintenance contract  Lead for Decontamination and Infection prevention team are auditing current decontamination practice within UHL.  The responsibility for Decontamination within UHL is shared by the ITAPS Head of Operations and the Director of Infection Prevention ( Chief Nurse) A Lead for Decontamination has been appointed a who will report to the CMG Head of Operations/DIPAC and be supported in this role by the Lead for Infection Prevention and the Infection Prevention Team. The postholder also has the responsibility for the Synergy contract ( third party provider for instrument reprocessing)	Moderate	Review all education and training for staff involved in reprocessing reusable medical equipment - 30/06/17 Develop a decontamination plan for the Trust, endorsed via the appropriate Trust forum - 30/06/17 It is anticipated that the further mitigation identified above will enable the risk to be reduced by the end of Q1 2017/18 - Liz Collins.